

Glittering Grammar

(Teacher Manual)

Class-1 to 8



GLITTERING GRAMMAR CLASS-1

1. Alphabet Pool

A. 2. e, e, l, r, t, t 3. c, e, i, l, n, p 4. e, e, n, q, u 5. e, h, o, r, s 6. a, b, e, r, z 7. i, p, z 8. a, a, a, b, n, n 9. a, e, g, n, o, r 10. c, e, k, o, r, t

B. 1. cup 2. book 3. kite 4. bull 5. apple 6. duck 7. tiger 8. fish 9. rose 10. nest

C. 1. I visited Delhi last year. 2. Kavita and John are friends. 3. People celebrate Holi, Diwali, Eid and Christmas in India. 4. On Sunday our school is going on picnic. 5. Are you going to Dehradun in January? 6. My birthday falls in the month of June. 7. Manu will come here on Friday. 8. Paul is going to see the Taj Mahal. 9. Martin is going to see the Lotus Temple. 10. Gandhi Jayanti falls on 2nd October.

D. 1. All bear can dance. 2. Kites are in the sky. 3. The jug is on the table. 4. Father is eating the food. 5. Dogs are faithful. 6. Sumit plays football daily. 7. Abdul beats the dog. 8. A monkey on papa's quilt.

E. 1. ppl 2. gg 3. bk 4. lght 5. jly 6. dg 7. dck 8. dr 9. mn 10. kt 11. x 12. c crm

F. 1. o 2. o, e 3. e, e 4. o, e 5. a 6. a 7. a 8. o 9. e 10. u 11. e 12. a

G. 1. q, n 2. k, t 3. r, p, s 4. t, b, l 5. b 6. l, c 7. h, r 8. s, s

H. 1. e, a 2. a, a, a 3. i, o 4. u 5. a, i 6. e, e 7. i, e 8. o, a, e 9. i, e, e, a 10. o 11. e, e 12. a, e 13. a 14. u, e

I. Ans: Vowels: 1. e, e, a 2. e, a 3. o, o 4. o, e

Consonants: 1. l, p, h, n, t 2. z, b, r 3. d, c, t, r 4. c, b, b, l, r

2. Word Building

A. 2. Crow 3. Ship 4. Owl 5. Goat 6. Ball 7. Doll 8. Table 9. Fish 10. Elephant 11. Lion 12. Bird

B. 1. Fish 2. Bag 3. Cage 4. Nest 5. Tiger 6. Orange 7. Brush 8. Goat 9. Boat 10. Balloon 11. Table 12. Book

3. Naming Words : Nouns

A. Do yourself

B. 1. Carpenter 2. Soldier 3. Doctor 4. Postman 5. Policeman 6. Farmer 7. Cobbler 8. Baker

C. 2. doctor, patient 3. plumber, tap 4. teacher, book 5. barber, hair, boy 6. driver, car

D. book, shoes, pen, coat, pizza, bus, computer, car

E. 1. table b. chair 2. socks c. shoes, 3. needle a. thread, 4. bat e. ball, 5. bread d. butter.

F. People: postman, doctor, cobbler **Places:** zoo, temple, mall

Animals: cock, giraffe, dog

Things: bicycle, cake, aeroplane

G. Mr. John, Mumbai, Taj Mahal

H. 1. Bank 2. Park 3. Temple 4. Mosque 5. Cinema Hall 6. Bedroom 7. School 8. Classroom

4. One and Many

- A. 1. Boys 2. Books 3. Erasers 4. Parrots 5. Cats
B. 1. Benches 2. Watches 3. Brushes 4. Heroes 5. Potatoes
C. 1. Flies 2. Ponies 3. Ladies 4. Babies 5. Families
D. 1. Lorries 2. Geese 3. Fairies 4. Puppies 5. Teeth
E. 1. stories 2. matches 3. branches 4. dishes 5. taxes 6. mangoes 7. houses 8. armies 9. pencils 10. ladies 11. torches 12. cows
F. 1. nose 2. tongue 3. hands 4. face 5. mouth 6. eyes 7. toes 8. legs
G. 1. watch 2. frog 3. girl 4. monkey 5. toy

5. Gender

- A. Do yourself
B. 1. girl 2. mother 3. uncle 4. hen
C. 1. hen 2. girl 3. sister 4. grandfather 5. cow 6. aunt
D. King-Queen, Boy-Girl, Man-Woman, Cock-Hen, Grandfather-Grandmother

6. Pronouns

- A. 2. Sunil is a tall man. He is my brother's friend. 3. The cat eats fish. It likes milk too. 4. I am Gurnam. 5. Rekha is a doctor. She works in a big hospital.
B. 1. I 2. I 3. She 4. It 5. They 6. He

7. Articles (A and An)

- A. 1. an owl 2. a nest 3. an elephant 4. a table 5. a flower 6. a zebra
B. 1. a, a 2. an, a 3. a 4. a 5. an 6. a, an

8. Adjectives (Describing Words)

- A. 2. a (beautiful) rainbow 3. a (pretty) girl 4. an (old) man 5. a (slow) tortoise 6. a (big) box 7. a (young) boy 8. a (small) dog
B. 1. hot 2. green 3. black 4. wise 5. good
C. 1. old 2. foolish 3. close 4. friend 5. big
D. 1. red 2. hungry 3. rich 4. small 5. good

9. Use of Is, Am, Are

- A. 1. is 2. am 3. are 4. are 5. is 6. are 7. is 8. is
B. 1. is 2. is 3. is 4. are 5. is 6. am 7. are 8. are

10. Use of Was, Were

- A. 1. were 2. was 3. was 4. was
B. 1. was 2. were 3. were 4. was

11. Verbs (Action Words)

- A. 2. barks 3. dance 4. cover 5. flows 6. sing 7. sits 8. likes
B. 1. kicks 2. laughs 3. singing 4. entering 5. runs 6. enjoy
C. 1. Lions-roar 2. Trains-run 3. Mothers-cook 4. Telephones-ring 5. Monkeys-climb 6. Shopkeepers-sell 7. Cows-graze
D. 1. skips 2. swims 3. treats 4. sings 5. dancing 6. going

12. Yes, it is/No, it is not

- A.** 1. No, it is not. 2. Yes, it is. 3. Yes, it is. 4. No, it is not. 5. Yes, it is.
- B.** 1.Q. Is this a bus? A. No, it is not.
2.Q. Is this is a bicycle? A. Yes, it is.
3.Q. Is that a lawyer? A. No, it is not.
4.Q. Is this a pair of socks? A. Yes, it is.
5.Q. Is this a mobile phone? A. No, it is not.
6.Q. Is that an owl? A. No, it is not.

13. Adverbs

- A.** 1. loudly 2. slowly 3. quickly 4. sweetly 5. softly
- B.** 1. bravely 2. sweetly 3. recently 4. attentively 5. fluently 6. carefully 7. respectfully 8. sincerely
- C.** 1. tastefully, tastelessly 2. softly, loudly 3. badly, softly 4. neatly, clumsily 5. nicely, roughly

14. Prepositions

- A.** 1. on 2. behind 3. near 4. on
- B.** 1. b 2. a 3. d 4. c
- C.** 1. on 2. in 3. under 4. on
- D.** 1. behind 2. on 3. in 4. under 5. under

15. Conjunctions

- A.** 1. and 2. but 3. and 4. but 5. and 6. and 7. but 8. and
- B.** Do yourself
- C.** Do yourself
- D.** 1. and 2. but 3. and 4. or

16. Interjections

- A.** 1. What 2. Bravo! 3. Hurrah! 4. Wow! 5. Alas!
- B.** 1. Hurrah 2. What 3. Alas 4. Bravo 5. Oh

17. Story Writing

dog, river, shadow, mouth, bone, greedy, excitement

18. Application Writing (A Formal Communication)

Do yourself

19. Vocabulary

- A.** 2. Sunflower 3. Starfish 4. Ladybug 5. Toothbrush 6. Handbag
- C.** 1. d 2. c 3. e 4. h 5. f 6. i 7. a 8. j 9. g 10. b
- B.** 1 pen 2. bed 3. cupboard 4. cooler 5. tea 6. food 7. car 8. pilot

GLITTERING GRAMMAR CLASS-2

1. Vowels and Consonants

- A.** Do yourself
- B.** 1. LOG, 2. GUM 3. MAT 4. TOP 5. PET
- C.** 1 d 2. a. 3.e 4. b 5. c 6. h 7. f 8. g

2. The Sentence

A. Do yourself

B. 1. I saw a snake. 3. A kite is flying in the sky. 5. We eat different breakfast.

C. 1. d 2. c 3. a 4. e 5. b 6. g 7. h 8. f

D. 1. YES 2. NO 3. NO 4. NO 5. YES 6. YES 7. YES 8. NO 9. YES 10. NO

E. 1. Parrot likes fruits. 2. She dances well. 3. Nayara is making painting. 4. Children are running. 5. Veera likes ice-cream. 6. Monkey likes banana.

F. Do Yourself

3. Nouns

A. 1. Doctor 2. Barber 3. Cobbler 4. Teacher

B. Do yourself

4. Singular and Plural

A. 1. bodies 2. branches 3. benches 4. mangoes 5. toys 6. lilies 7. fairies 8. cats

B. 2. oxen 3. men 4. children 5. mice 6. geese

C. 1. The apples are on the tree. 2. The fruits are in the bag. 3. The dresses are in the almirah. 4. The teachers are in the staffroom. 5. The flowers are in the pot. 6. The boys are on the swing.

5. Gender : Male or Female

A. 1. F 2. F 3. M 4. N 5. M 6. M 7. F 8. N 9. C 10. F 11. M 12. N 13. C 14. M 15. N 16. C 17. F 18. F 19. F 20. F 21. C 22. M 23. N 24. M

B. Masculine Gender: landlord, dog, man, brother, cock, king, host, father

Feminine Gender: hen, landlady, aunt, peahen, princess, lady, queen, cow

Neuter Gender: desk, pencil, chalk, book, ring, biscuit, table, bottle

C. 2. cow bull, cow 3. vixen fox, vixen 4. landlady landlord, landlady 5. hen cock, hen 6. lady gentleman, lady 7. mare horse, mare 8. aunt uncle, aunt 9. daughter son, daughter 10. duck drake, duck

D. 1. cow, ox, **shed** 2. master, mistress, **zoo** 3. boy, girl, bag, **book** 4. milkman, milkmaid, **bicycle** 5. king, queen, **throne** 6. mother, son, daughter, **food**

E. 1. A tigress has black stripes. 2. Our mistress is kind. 3. The duchess gave an award. 4. The waitress will serve us food. 5. That actress is very good. 6. The giantess ran after Jack.

6. Pronouns

A. 1. They 2. It your 3. She your 4. He 5. We 6. You, I 7. She, my 8. It, his 9. We 10. I, my

B. 1. They 2. your 3. mine 4. He 5. I 6. Its 7. yours 8. We 9. He 10. I

C. 1. them 2. You, her 3. It 4. his 5. It, he 6. Those 7. its 8. It, their 9. I, them 10. They

7. Articles

A. 1. a 2. an 3. a 4. an 5. an 6. a, a 7. an

B. 1. the 2. The 3. The 4. an, a 5. the 6. an 7. an, The

8. Adjectives

A. 2. rude, man 3. strong, coffee 4. big, balloon 5. hot, pizza 6. black, cat 7. red, wall 8. fat, boy, Rahul

- B.** 1. funny, clever 2. kind 3. new 4. foolish 5. heavy 6. good 7. brave 8. dark
C. 1. A lion has a thick mane. 2. An elephant has big ears. 3. A rhino has a long nose. 4. A bird has soft feathers. 5. A rabbit has a short tail. 6. A tortoise has a hard shell.
D. 1. cold 2. short 3. elder 4. rude 5. young

9. Verbs (Words of Action)

- A.** 1. Paint 2. Read 3. Eat 4. Clean 5. Write 6. Play 7. Swim 8. Drink
B. 1. grows crops 2. brings mail 3. drives a bus 4. cleans the road 5. makes pots 6. cooks food 7. sells medicines 8. bakes bread 9. mends shoes 10. fights enemy 11. flies aeroplane 12. stitches clothes 13. catches robbers 14. treats patients
C. 1. climbing 2. flying 3. driving 4. skipping 5. swinging 6. skating 7. sliding 8. building
D. 1. sitting 2. running 3. singing 4. flowing 5. flying 6. blooming 7. hopping

10. Adverbs

- A.** 2. patiently 3. brightly 4. slowly 5. loudly 6. quietly 7. hungrily
B. 2. when – adverb of time 3. where – adverb of place 4. when – adverb of time 5. where – adverb of place

11. Verbs-To Be

(Is, Am, Are, Was, Were, Will be, Shall be)

- A.** Do yourself
B. 1. was 2. was 3. were 4. were
C. 1. Ritu is alone at home. 2. They were in the garden. 3. She is a good artist. 4. Garima was going to Rahul's house last Saturday. 5. I was very tired and hungry yesterday evening.
D. Do yourself
E. 1. will be 2. will be 3. shall be 4. will be 5. shall be
F. 1. The children are sleeping. 2. The boy is taking a bath. 3. The boy is running on the road. 4. The spectators are watching a match.
G. 1. am 2. will be 3. are 4. shall be 5. are 6. shall be 7. are 8. will be

12. Actions Happened Before

- A.** 1. took 2. reached 3. went 4. sang 5. wake, woke 6. saw 7. climb, climbed 8. play 9. went, brought 10. swim
B. Do yourself

13. Has/Have/Had

- A.** 1. has 2. have 3. has 4. have 5. has 6. has 7. has
B. 1. have 2. have 3. have 4. has 5. has 6. had 7. have

14. What is Happening?

- A.** 1. talking 2. running 3. writing 4. singing
B. 1. is going 2. is feeding 3. are playing 4. is giving 5. are picking 6. are eating 7. are talking
C. 1. are helping 2. are building 3. is drinking 4. am reading 5. is riding

15. Prepositions

- A.** 1. between 2. on 3. in 4. behind 5. under 6. near

B. 1. under 2. for 3. near 4. on 5. on 6. by 7. behind 8. near

16. Conjunctions (Joining Words)

A. 1. but 2. and 3. but 4. and

B. 1. Farhaad played the harmonium and Shiva sang a song. 2. Gurman can play football and cricket. 3. John came to see us but didn't stay long. 4. Let us meet this evening or tomorrow afternoon. 5. You can eat a chocolate or a piece of cake.

17. Interjections

A. 1. Alas! 2. Oh! 3. Bravo! 4. Hurrah! 5. Ah! 6. Wow!

B. 1. Bravo 2. Oh 3. Oh 4. Bravo 5. Ah 6. Alas

18. Use of Is not and Are not

Do yourself

19. Same Meaning Words or Synonyms

A. 1. glad 2. quick 3. end 4. see 5. kid 6. icy 7. start 8. lady 9. home

B. 1. large 2. nap 3. sound 4. small 5. stone 6. glad 7. sick 8. mate 9. leap 10. road

C. 1. Yes 2. No 3. Yes 4. No 5. No 6. No 7. Yes 8. Yes 9. Yes 10. Yes

20. Homophones

A. 1. son 2. ass 3. buy 4. tale 5. pray 6. hare 7. there. 8. eye 9. two 10 sell

B. 2. too, to 3. to 4. two 5. to 6. two 7. too 8. to 9. too, to 10. too

C. Do yourself

21. Picture Composition

Do yourself

22. Essay Writing (Descriptive Paragraphs)

Do yourself

23. Letter Writing

Do yourself

24. Comprehension

A. 1. a 2. a 3. a 4. c

B. 1. c 2. b 3. c 4. a 5. b

C. 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. c 5. b

D. 1. c 2. a 3. c 4. b

GLITTERING GRAMMAR CLASS-3

1. What You Have Learnt Before

A. Do yourself

B. 1. October 2. common noun 3. common noun 4. Tuesday 5. common noun 6. Christmas 7. common noun 8. proper noun 9. proper noun 10. common noun 11. common noun 12. proper noun

C. daughter, cow, mare, aunt, tigress, waitress, lioness, bitch

D. 1. She 2. They 3. He 4. It 5. They 6. He, He

E. large, happy, small, angry, unhappy, alike

F. 1. under 2. for 3. by 4. on 5. near 6. behind

G. 1. Alas 2. Oh 3. Bravo 4. Ah 5. Hurrah

2. Common Nouns and Proper Nouns

A. 1. camel, road 2. bicycle, park 3. aeroplane, airport 4. mobile, car 5. boy, gate, building 6. house, balloons 7. father, car 8. farmer 9. dog, table 10. city

B. 1. Sunday, December 2. Tommy 3. Sia 4. Diwali, Jim Corbett 5. Abhishek, Mumbai, Juhu Beach 6. Shakespeare

C. 1. Santa Claus brings us gifts on Christmas. 2. I think Sachin Tendulkar is the world's best batsman. 3. I have a pet dog called Snoopy. 4. We will go to the Ansal Plaza on Sunday. 5. The Gita is the holy book of hindus. 6. I went to Mussoorie during summer holidays.

D. 1. bunch 2. herd 3. pack 4. swarm 5. pride 6. bouquet

E. 1. c 2. e 3. d 4. b 5. f 6. a

F. 1. litter 2. herd 3. swarm 4. bunch 5. crowd 6. army 7. bunch 8. gang

3. Noun : Possession

A. 1. birds' nests 2. leaders' speeches 3. men's cars 4. Karan's bat 5. cat's tail 6. lion's mane 7. Mr. Razzaq's car 8. donkeys' legs 9. Reesha's book 10. my brothers' friend.

B. 1. Lata Mangeshkar's songs are very good. 2. The crocodile's teeth were very big. 3. Mrs Sharma's hair are completely white. 4. The bird's nest is full of eggs. 5. My mother's cakes are always delicious. 6. Manu's motorcycle is standing here. 7. The teacher's chair is very nice. 8. Nidhi's house is down the road. 9. The students' excuse was a poor one. 10. Disha's umbrella was very colourful.

C. 1. I have seen Reena's new cycle. 2. My brother's books are in the garden. 3. The elephant's trunk is very long. 4. Rabbits' ears are very big. 5. My father's friend is coming for lunch. 6. Farhan is my sister's friend. 7. Cow's milk is good for health. 8. The child's smile is very sweet.

4. Noun: Numbers

(Singular and Plural)

A. 1. balloons 2. shirts 3. desks 4. friends 5. offices 6. buildings 7. elephants 8. books

B. 1. church 2. bench 3. brushes 4. dishes 5. dresses 6. potatoes 7. glasses 8. box

C. 1. matches 2. beaches 3. zeroes 4. trucks 5. heroes 6. bushes 7. benches 8. tomatoes

D. 1. daisies, lilies 2. babies 3. copies 4. ladies, keys 5. cities 6. ladies 7. toys 8. donkeys

E. 1. wives 2. wolves 3. calves 4. knives 5. leaves 6. loaves 7. thieves 8. lives

F. 1. children 2. feet 3. teeth 4. geese 5. men

G. 1. The cats ate the mice and ran away. 2. The children went to the shops with the ladies. 3. The leaves of tulsi are very useful for us. 4. My sisters ate the bananas and threw the peels into the dustbins. 5. The painters bought new brushes. 6. The bungalows had no light on. 7. The children were wearing blue shirts and white trousers. 8. The ministers met the women who donated their new clothes.

H. 1. roofs, geese 2. pans, men 3. houses, mice 4. boots, feet 5. foxes, oxen.

5. Noun : Gender

A. 1. d 2. f 3. a 4. h 5. g 6. b 7. e 8. c

B. 1. The tiger looked fierce. 2. Kamini's nephew lives in Kerala. 3. My father is my cousin's uncle. 4. The little boy was kind to the injured horse. 5. The woodcutter's daughter and son helped a little lost puppy. 6. Ulfat's mother and father are doctors. 7. The lady opened the door for the gentleman. 8. The bitch chased the vixen away from the farm.

C. 1. fans 2. teacher, students 3. minister, people 4. parent, child 5. cousin, employee 6. foreigners, tourists

D.

S. No.	Masculine Nouns	Feminine Nouns	Neuter Gender
1.	man		trousers
2.		lady	
3.	man, father		suit
4.	dog rabbit	mother	
5.		cat	
6.		headmistress	

E. **Common Gender:** 1. student 2. teacher 3. thief 4. wrestler 5. athlete 6. swimmer 7. friend

Neuter Gender: 1. flower 2. chair 3. box 4. cup 5. telephone

F. Common Genders: 1. Teacher 2. Doctor 3. Artist 4. Friend 5. Child

Neuter Genders: 1. Table 2. Cake 3. Tea 4. Pen 5. Bucket

G. 1. princess 2. bitch 3. lord 4. authoress

6. Pronouns

A. 1. The boys were unhappy. They had been punished. 2. Akanksha said that she had a headache. 3. Faheem told Ashraf that he would help him. 4. Sachin went to his room. He went to sleep. 5. This apple tree is very big. It has very tasty fruits. 6. This is Kiran's cycle. She bought it last week. 7. Rushali was late for school. She ran all the way. 8. Jeet found an old ball. He threw the ball away. 9. Siya and Gaurav met Leena in the park. They asked her to play with them. 10. The children were hungry. Mrs. Gupta made dinner for them.

B. 1. it, he 2. they 3. he, it 4. He 5. they

C. 1. them, him 2. them 3. her 4. him 5. it

D. 1. Veeru had a birthday party. He got a lot of gifts. He liked the puzzle the best. It had sixteen pieces. 2. Heena is sad. She will leave soon. She has to go to Mumbai. 3. The children went to the zoo. They ate ice-cream. They relished it. 4. Akash and Suhas went to a library. They greeted the librarian. 5. Molly and I went to watch a movie. We liked it a lot. 6. Vishal bought a doll. He gave it to Reeta. She loved it.

E. 1. hers 2. mine 3. yours 4. ours, theirs 5. theirs 6. yours

7. Articles

- A.** 1. an eagle 2. an egg 3. a rope 4. an ice-cream 5. a book 6. a horse 7. a pencil 8. an owl 9. an orange 10. a cat 11. a chair 12. a cow 13. a cobbler 14. a bag 15. a woman 16. an arrow
- B.** 1. a 2. a 3. an 4. a 5. an 6. an 7. a 8. a 9. a 10. an 11. a 12. a
- C.** 4. inkpot 5. iron 6. umpire 9. igloo 11. elf 13. oak 15. envelope 18. apple 21. hour 22. ox 23. ostrich 24. owl
- D.** 1. an 2. a 3. a 4. an 5. a 6. an 7. an 8. an
- E.** 1. an 2. The, a 3. a 4. The 5. the 6. the 7. the 8. an 9. The 10. The
- F.** 1. The Times of India is a popular newspaper in India. 2. I can see the moon through the window in my room. 3. An honest man is respected by all. 4. Gurman is wearing a white jacket. 5. Can you please pass me the water? 6. Mr. Shekhawat comes back from office at 6 p.m.

8. Kinds of Adjectives

- A.** 1. red 2. beautiful 3. cold 4. big 5. interesting 6. big 7. fierce 8. handsome
- B.** 1. funny 2. delicious 3. smart, foolish 4. huge 5. bright, black
- C.** 1. The cruel lady wore a short skirt. 2. The coward girl crossed the wide river. 3. The interesting lesson was very long. 4. Mahi is an ugly and short woman. 5. That quiet pupil is very lazy.
- D.** 1. much 2. many 3. many 4. much 5. many
- E.** 2. sixty-nine 3. sixty 4. forty-first 5. hundred 6. nineteenth 7. seventy-three
- F.** 1. three hundred sixty-six 2. four 3. ten 4. first 5. twenty-four 6. seventh
- G.** 2. low 3. noisy 4. dull 5. small 6. poor 7. old 8. awake

9. Comparison of Adjectives

- A.** 1. taller than 2. heavier than 3. more interesting than 4. higher than 5. prettier than 6. longer than 7. stronger than 8. warmer than
- B.** 1. longer 2. larger 3. younger 4. slowest 5. small 6. light 7. short 8. strongest
- C.** 1. most 2. worst 3. better 4. more 5. worse 6. good 7. many, more 8. less, more

10. Verbs

- A.** 1. class, went, museum 2. dancer, dances, tiptoes 3. cooked, pakoras, breakfast 4. farmer, planted, rice, field 5. bikers, raced, hill
- B.** 1. loves 2. play 3. buys 4. go 5. run 6. visit 7. swim 8. write
- C.** 1. held : principal held a meeting of staff. 2. close, draw: she closed the gate and drew the curtains. 3. fell asleep: I was tired so I fell asleep. 4. flew: A bird flew into the sky. 5. travelled: He travelled to Goa. 6. kept: The mangoes are kept in the basket.
- D.** 1. saw, fed 2. wrote, gave 3. chased, hopped 4. mixed, baked 5. rang, ran
- E. At home:** eating, reading, sleeping, cleaning, talking
At school: writing, drawing, building, answering, studying
In the park: shouting, skating, playing, sliding, climbing
- F.** 1. The cat chased the mouse down the room. 2. Ships sail across the sea but buses run on the roads. 3. The soldiers marched through the valley. 4. The boy

kicked the football through the goal. 5. The wind blows but the rain falls.

G. Do yourself

H. Do yourself

11. Adverbs

A. 1. neatly 2. sweetly 3. patiently 4. greedily 5. brightly 6. lovingly 7. beautifully 8. quickly

B. 1. today 2. yesterday 3. always 4. tomorrow 5. soon 6. now

C. 1. here 2. there 3. outside 4. away 5. everywhere 6. near 7. here 8. out

D. 1. upstairs, Adverb of place 2. carefully, Adverb of manner 3. lovingly, Adverb of manner 4. today, Adverb of time 5. outside, Adverb of place 6. tomorrow, Adverb of time

12. Present Tense

A. 1. loves 2. watch 3. buys 4. visits 5. obey 6. visit 7. play

B. 1. I do not have two pencils. 2. You don't have a ball. 3. Lavanya does not dance on the stage. 4. They don't like to watch movies. 5. Ateeq doesn't like to eat pizza. 6. Sandhya doesn't shout at her cousins. 7. We do not complete our work on time.

C. 1. Do I have many dresses? 2. Does he have a cricket bat? 3. What is the colour of rose? 4. Where does my father swim? 5. Do I go to park daily? 6. How does Monty talk with everybody? 7. Does Kiran buy vegetables from the nearby market.

13. Past Tense

A. 1. got 2. found 3. kept 4. ate 5. chose 6. bought

B. 1. d 2. h 3. f 4. b 5. c 6. g 7. a 8. e

C. 1. They did not win the match 2. The teacher did not teach them well. 3. Arpita didn't sing a beautiful song. 4. He didn't meet with an accident. 5. We did not go to mall yesterday. 6. I didn't visit the doctor yesterday.

D. 1. Did he dance well on the stage? 2. Did he go to the market yesterday? 3. Did the baby fall down on the ground? 4. Did he lose his arm in an accident? 5. Did he speak clearly? 6. Did I learn a lesson of good manners?

14. Simple Future Tense

A. 1. They will finish their work on time. 2. We shall go to school by bus. 3. I shall have mango shake after lunch. 4. I shall do my homework regularly. 5. Ramya and Fatima will do their homework neatly.

B. 1. will win 2. shall score 3. will bring 4. will leave 5. shall travel 6. will miss

C. 1. I shall not purchase some books tomorrow. 2. My dad will not bring me a bicycle. 3. I will not attend my uncle's marriage. 4. Aastha will not reach the station on time. 5. I shall not go to a hill station in my summer vacations. 6. We shall not buy a new car today. 7. They will not eat burgers and sandwiches. 8. It is not raining. I will not take an umbrella.

D. 1. Will I reach the station by bicycle? 2. Will Arpit not come to you? 3. Will she buy a shirt for me from the market? 4. Shall we play in the stadium? 5. Shall we go there together? 6. Will they see that movie? 7. Shall I inform you?

E. 1. (i) He will abuse you. (ii) He will not abuse you. (iii) Will he abuse you? 2. (i) I

shall play football. (ii) I shall not play football. (iii) Shall I play football? 3. (i) The bird will fly in the sky. (ii) The bird will not fly in the sky. (iii) Will the bird fly in the sky? 4. (i) Nisha will swim in the river (ii) Nisha will not swim in the river. (iii) Will Nisha swim in the river? 5. (i) The dog will bark at the stranger. (ii) The dog will not bark at the stranger. (iii) Will the dog bark at the stranger? 6. (i) We shall read the books. (ii) We shall not read the books. (iii) Shall we read the books?

15. Prepositions

- A.** 1. at 2. in 3. at 4. in 5. in 6. in 7. in 8. on 9. in 10. in
B. 1. Besides 2. beside 3. Besides 4. besides 5. beside 6. beside 7. beside 8. beside
C. 1. in 2. over 3. up 4. behind 5. near 6. on 7. with
D. 1. down 2. into 3. across 4. through 5. towards 6. beside 7. to
E. 1. from, (tree) 2. over, (clouds) 3. under, (tree) 4. across, (road) 5. in, (cave) 6. beside, (table)

16. Conjunctions

- A.** 1. My mother is young and energetic. 2. The children are happy but the elders are worried. 3. John bought a bat and a ball. 4. The stars are shining but the moon is behind a cloud. 5. May is warm but December is cold. 6. Amit ate a sandwich and a pastry. 7. Feathers are soft but rocks are hard. 8. Smiya likes to read books and Meenu likes to watch movies.
B. 1. The children can play outside because it has stopped raining. 2. Would you like to have a mango shake or juice? 3. Did you meet Niharika in Mumbai or Bangalore? 4. Kasim ate an orange because he was hungry. 5. Is this bag yours or Alka's? 6. Amit has gone to rest because he is very tired. 7. Would you like a dog or cat for a pet? 8. Piyush bought a packet of juice because he was very thirsty. 9. Is Claudia's birthday in January or February? 10. Leena got very good marks because she studied hard.
C. 1. I can read this story book or play chess. 2. Look at the Moon and the stars. 3. Is that your father or uncle? 4. Garima and Shiv went to school on Saturday. 5. We went on a picnic but we did not enjoy ourselves. 6. Vinit fell ill because he went out in the rain. 7. Meera was sad because Meera could not go to the party. 8. We can go by bus or walk.
D. 1. Madhu is very upset as she has lost her position. 2. You must finish your work otherwise you will not watch the movie tonight. 3. We tried really hard but we did not win. 4. Sachin is tall and thin. 5. Please visit us on Sunday or Monday. 6. As the light was switched off, Rehan was soon asleep.
E. 1. This house is hers or his. 2. A giraffe is big but a rabbit is small. 3. The bird has a beak and claws. 4. I saw Richa and Varsha on the road. 5. Rumil is fat but his sister is thin. 6. My brother is rich but my sister is poor. 7. Is your milk hot or cold? 8. The Sun is a star but the Earth is a planet.

17. Interjections

1. Oh no! 2. Excellent! 3. Wow! 4. Wow! 5. Well done! 6. Oh no!

18. Sentences

A. 1. b 2. f 3. e 4. a 5. d 6. c 7. i 8. j 9. g 10. h

B. 1, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10

C. 1. first 2. fruits 3. huge 4. dark 5. write 6. light 7. useful 8. seven 9. Mumbai 10. Tiger

D. 1. (.) 2. (.) 3. (?) 4. (.) 5. (?) 6. (.) 7. (?) 8. (?)

E. 2. Is Suman taking her breakfast? 3. Is the cat sitting on the table? 4. Are the mice running to and fro? 5. Was Swati playing with her dog? 6. Has Komal made tea? 7. Is Rahul's mother peeling the potatoes? 8. Are Vipul and Akshya eating ice-cream? 9. Had they already seen this movie? 10. Were doctors examining the patients?

F. 1. Where 2. Which 3. What 4. When 5. What 6. Who 7. Which 8. When

G. 1. What a fool you are! 2. Where have you put my books? 3. Suman is reading the book. 4. Please do not make a noise. 5. We go to morning walk daily. 6. Did she pluck the flower? 7. He was glad the mystery was solved. 8. Who broke the jug? 9. I am feeling hungry. 10. Don't pluck the flower.

H. One day our teacher asked, "Do you know about Holi?" Holi is also known as the festival of colours in India. It is a spring festival and perhaps the happiest and most colourful religious festival of the Hindus. Holi festival is widely celebrated in India, Nepal and other places with Hindu population. What a festival the Holi is!

In recent times, this festival has also gained acceptance among non-Hindus as a spring festival of love and colours. It marks the beginning of the spring season. The beauty of nature makes this festival colourful.

19. Kinds of Sentences

(Subject and Predicate)

A. 1. (I) love to sing. 2. (We) shall go to Delhi tomorrow. 3. (He) cannot take any risk.

4. (Tanu) has no interest in sports. 5. (You) should do more practice. 6. (The old

monkey) sat in the woods. 7. (We) should help the poor. 8. (Inches) make champions.

B. 1. d 2. c 3. g 4. f 5. a 6. h 7. e 8. b

20. Spell Check

2. Enemy 3. Theater 4. Receive 5. Thief 6. Valuable 7. Discipline 8. Necessary 9. Moderate 10. Already 11. Actress 12. Business 13. Speech 14. Intelligent 15. Happened 16. Lion 17. Husband 18. Correction 19. Enter 20. Garage

21. Synonyms

1. large, 2. small, 3. dislike, 4. difficult, 5. scary, 6. seat, 7. ill, 8. picked 9. middle, 10. unhappy

22. Antonyms

1. slow . 2. light 3. closed 4. front 5. early 6. young 7. cold 8. down

24. Application and Letter Writing

Do yourself

25. Comprehension

- A.** 1. Americans 2. popular 3. Franklin 4. Constitution
B. 1. mammals 2. carnivores 3. intelligent
C. 1. machine 2. mistakes 3. robots 4. humans

26. Story Writing

1. The Test

1. Drona was the teacher of the Pandava and Kaurava princes. 2. What can you see now? 3. Drona found his replies to be equally disappointing. 4. Arjuna replied that he can see nothing but the bird's eye. 5. Power of concentration made Arjuna the most proficient archer.

2. The Woodcutter and his Axe

1. Sukh Ram was a woodcutter. He lived in a village on the bank of a river. 2. His wife and two children. 3. The woodcutter started crying because his axe fell into the river. 4. The woodcutter didn't accept the golden axe because he was honest and his axe was made of iron. 5. The Sea God presented the woodcutter with both the golden and the silver axes because the Sea God was pleased with his honesty.

3. A Brave Boy

1. Sandeep's parents died when he was seven. 2. He earned his living by selling newspapers at the railway station. 3. There were only a few people at the railway station. 4. The two men asked Sandeep to give them a paper. 5. They left leaving behind a bag. 6. There was a powerful bomb in the bag. 7. Everyone praised Sandeep for his bravery and he was awarded.

27. Essay Writing

Do yourself

28. Who am I ?

1. Doctor 2. Teacher 3. Mechanic 4. Postman 5. Mason 6. Scientist 7. Tailor 8. Principal

GLITTERING GRAMMAR CLASS-4

1. Nouns

A. Do yourself

B. 1. Rishab, Sunday 2. Dubai 3. Garima, Sky 4. Easter 5. Naman, Aman, Ramit, Delhi 6. Diwali, Holi 7. Pizza Hut, Sunday 8. Africa, June

C. Do yourself

D. 1. army 2. bunch 3. pair 4. library 5. swarm 6. flock 7. herd 8. crowd

E. 1. fun 2. advice 3. idea 4. lie 5. bravery 6. truth 7. peace 8. pain

F. 1. abstract 2. collective 3. abstract 4. proper 5. common 6. common 7. collective 8. abstract

G. 1. bunch 2. cluster 3. swarm 4. shoal 5. crowd 6. choir 7. class 8. gang

H. 1. people 2. kangaroos 3. mules 4. bears 5. chicks 6. kittens 7. bacteria 8. lions 9. paper 10. geese

I. 1. Place 2. Thing 3. Place 4. Place 5. Thing 6. Person 7. person 8. Thing

J. 1. Length 2. Youth 3. Darkness 4. Cruelty 5. Humility 6. Wisdom 7. Poverty 8. Ignorance 9. Bravery 10. Sweetness

2. Nouns: Number

A. 1. uncountable 2. countable 3. countable 4. countable 5. uncountable 6. countable 7. countable 8. countable

B. 1. a 2. some 3. some 4. any 5. any 6. some 7. any 8. a

C. 1. Countable 2. Countable 3. Uncountable 4. Countable 5. Countable 6. Uncountable

3. Nouns: Gender

A. Common Gender

1. teacher
2. engineer
3. athlete

Neuter Gender

1. telephone
2. glass
3. book

B. 1. masculine gender 2. feminine gender 3. neuter gender 4. neuter gender 5. common gender 6. masculine gender

C. Feminine: 1. bitch 2. daughter 3. mother 4. madam 5. girl 6. hen 7. aunt 8. queen 9. goose 10. mare 11. wife

Masculine: 1. husband 2. gentleman 3. uncle 4. boy 5. father 6. gander 7. son 8. brother 9. horse 10. dog 11. king

D. 1. The King loved daughter more than the son. 2. My uncle and my niece came to visit my mother. 3. The gentleman in the photograph is my grandfather. 4. The gander rode on the back of the mare. 5. My brother drew the pictures of a dog, a hen and a goose.

4. Articles

A. 1. a 2. an 3. a 4. a 5. an 6. an 7. a 8. an 9. a 10. a

B. 1. an, the 2. the 3. x 4. An, a 5. an 6. a

C. 1. The, a 2. an 3. The, a 4. An 5. a 6. the 7. an 8. The

5. Present Tense

A. 1. wake 2. sets 3. teaches 4. drinks 5. drive 6. like 7. play 8. bakes

B. 1. This book belongs to me. 2. The children go to sleep by 9 o'clock. 3. Arif and Akriti like to eat noodles. 4. I do not play football. 5. Mrs. Sen works in this office. 6. Mr. Sunil goes for a walk every evening.

C. 1. is hiding 2. is combing 3. is getting 4. is cooking, is helping 5. are enjoying 6. are working 7. is writing 8. is examining

D. 1. Ritu is feeding her pet dog. 2. Mr. Ahmad is chopping the vegetables. 3. The teacher is smiling at Shravan. 4. Kripal is helping Faiza with her homework. 5. Srishti is playing tennis with her friends.

E. 1. The soldiers have gone on a mission. 2. They have played in the garden. 3. Gurleen has met her teacher. 4. They have done their homework completely.

6. Past Tense

A. 1. entered 2. jumped 3. lost 4. got 5. took 6. threw 7. lived 8. bought

B. 1. They won every match they played in the school. 2. I went to play football with my friends. 3. Ravindra watched television. 4. When we put water in the freezer, it froze. 5. I was very tired after playing cricket. 6. The teacher in a red saree taught us English. 7. My mother got fruits from the nearby shop. 8. Sachin and took lessons to play the guitar.

C. 1. were wiping 2. was hiding 3. was talking 4. was reading 5. was painting 6. was smiling 7. was practising 8. were studying

D. 1. The mouse was looking at the cheese greedily. 2. They were swimming in the pool at the hotel. 3. I was writing an essay about wildlife. 4. Jim was watching the final match of the tournament. 5. Zameel was playing badminton in the park behind his school. 6. Nipun was coming from his piano lessons.

E. 1. had started 2. had gone 3. had not seen 4. had planned 5. had taken 6. had not mentioned 7. had not parked 8. had bought

7. Future Tense

A. 1. will clean 2. will become 3. will win 4. will break 5. will go 6. shall watch 7. shall begin 8. shall cross

B. 1. Kanha will go to watch a movie. 2. The movie will begin at 10 p.m. 3. They will buy clothes from a famous shop. 4. Shikha will also eat a burger. 5. After the school, they will go for a movie. 6. Perizad shall sing in the show.

C. 1. will be waiting 2. shall be watching 3. will be studying 4. shall be washing 5. will be playing 6. will be writing 7. will be sleeping 8. will be arriving

D. 1. Shall have finished 2. will have studied 3. will have cooked 4. will have arrived 5. shall have received 6. shall have taken

8. Pronouns

A. 1. Don't touch the iron. It is hot. 2. Yasmin went to a garden. She went there with her brother. They had a great time! 3. Manya is sleeping. She is wearing a night suit. It is red. 4. Raman has not come yet. He is always late. I must talk to him today.

B. 1. You, him 2. him 3. you 4. they 5. us 6. you 7. I 8. her.

C. 1. it 2. I, you 3. She, it, They 4. He 5. They 6. He, her 7. I, it 8. We.

D. 1. ours 2. theirs 3. hers 4. his 5. mine 6. his 7. ours 8. mine 9. yours 10. yours.

E. 2. Those-demonstrative, They - personal 3. I - personal, You - personal, yours - possessive 4. That - demonstrative, It - personal 5. These - demonstrative, They - personal, mine - possessive 6. It - personal, mine - possessive 7. our - possessive, ours - possessive, we - personal, it - personal 8. These - demonstrative, They personal.

F. 1. RP 2. EP 3. RP 4. RP 5. RP 6. RP 7. EP 8. EP

G. 1. Whom 2. Who 3. Where 4. Which 5. What 6. What 7. whom 8. Where 9. whom 10. What.

9. Verbs

A. 1. will be going³ 2. was studying² 3. will be repairing³ 4. eats 1 5. are going²

B. 1. c 2. d 3. a 4. e 5. b 6. g 7. f

C. 1. are, helping verb 2. were, helping verb 3. were, main verb 4. is, helping verb 5. am, main verb

D. 1. has 2. has 3. have 4. had 5. have

E. 1. was 2. are 3. is 4. was 5. is 6. is 7. has 8. is

F. 1. are 2. was 3. were 4. are 5. is 6. is 7. has 8. has

G. 1. explains, Transitive 2. drive, Transitive 3. sleep, Intransitive 4. got, Transitive 5. live, Transitive 6. seem, Intransitive 7. come, Intransitive 8. need,

Transitive 9. disagree, Intransitive 10. find, Transitive

H. 1. busy 2. with joy 3. happy 4. kites 5. stamps 6. fiercely 7. a letter 8. charming

10. Adjectives

A. 1. rainy 2. loud 3. dangerous 4. dry 5. happy

B. 1. helpful 2. clever 3. soft 4. hard 5. hot, cold 6. grateful 7. huge

C. 1. first, Adjective of number 2. millions of, Adjective of number 3. some, Adjective of quantity 4. some, Adjective of number 5. four, Adjective of number 6. few, Adjective of number 7. a lot of, Adjective of quantity 8. little, Adjective of quantity

D. 1. Some 2. Which 3. These 4. seven 5. a little 6. useful 7. Several 8. first

E. 1. bolder 2. rich, richest 3. more beautiful 4. noisiest 5. redder, reddest 6. brighter 7. strong, strongest 8. colourful, more colourful 9. prettier, prettiest 10. useful, more useful

F. 1. hottest 2. longer 3. slow 4. more careful 5. smallest 6. harder 7. large 8. fastest 9. more beautiful 10. harder

G. 1. colder 2. taller 3. more useful 4. lighter 5. mightier 6. better 7. worst 8. tallest 9. largest 10. cleverest 11. dearer 12. wise 13. greatest 14. greater

11. Adverbs

A. 1. happily 2. swiftly 3. quickly 4. angrily 5. regularly

B. 2. Soldiers fight bravely to protect the country. 3. The children are playing and laughing happily. 4. Manu is very tired. He is sleeping soundly. 5. The baby is hungry. It is crying loudly. 6. Simi had a music performance. She sang very sweetly.

C. 1. Mrs. Vats keeps her house shabbily. 2. The deer hopped over the rocks easily. 3. My neighbour spoke to my father angrily. 4. The wrestler held his opponent tightly 5. She looked at her daughter receiving the award proudly. 6. The boss left the meeting suddenly.

D. 1. later, still 2. tomorrow 3. recently 4. early 5. soon 6. Yesterday

E. 1. outside 2. abroad 3. around 4. here 5. nearby 6. here

F. 1. usually 2. seldom 3. seldom 4. Usually 5. seldom 6. seldom 7. usually 8. seldom

G. 1. very 2. really 3. quite 4. enough 5. hardly 6. highly

H. 1. incorrectly 2. slowly 3. seldom 4. politely 5. quickly 6. sadly

12. Prepositions

A. 1. behind 2. of 3. under 4. off 5. inside

B. 1. on 2. By 3. on 4. at, in 5. in, in

C. 1. with 2. in 3. at 4. in 5. about 6. by 7. with 8. to

D. 1. near 2. on 3. to, through 4. by 5. among 6. behind 7. over 8. with

13. Conjunctions

A. 1. or 2. or 3. and 4. and 5. because 6. and 7. or 8. so 9. so 10. but

B. 1. neither, nor 2. so, that 3. Before 4. that 5. as 6. Either, or 7. neither, nor 8. whether, or

C. 1. I ate two pizzas because I was hungry. 2. Vinod is poor but honest. 3. He fell

off the stairs and hurt his leg. 4. Her English is good but her Hindi is bad. 5. She was crying because she lost her pet. 6. He was angry so he shouted at him. 7. The river dried because there were no rains. 8. He is my friend so I will help him. 9. Would you like to have coffee or tea? 10. He and I are best friends.

14. Sentences

A. 1. Interrogative 2. Declarative 3. Imperative 4. Imperative 5. Imperative 6. Declarative 7. Exclamatory 8. Interrogative.

B. 1. The flowers, fruits 2. My sister, poems 3. Christmas, Christians 4. The Milky Way, galaxy 5. The Taj Mahal, world 6. Sachin Tendulkar and MS Dhoni, cricketers 7. Kalidas, poet 8. Farhan, car 9. Nelson Mandela, South Africa 10. Pamela, cupboard

C. 1. was a great dramatist. 2. is under the chair. 3. Dr. Rajendar Prasad 4. is Sheru. 5. Shakespeare wrote a number of dramas. 6. is unable to walk. 7. A cat 8. Anu 9. The thieves 10. are shining in the sky.

D. 1. Father will not be back tomorrow. 2. Mridul did not donate for the cause of the flood victims. 3. Gaurav is not angry with Madhu. 4. Lalita does not work for the international channel. 5. I did not come in through the window.

E. 1. Camels live in the desert. 2. They respect their elders. 3. I learn my lesson. 4. Renu is my sister. 5. Gehna reads story books.

F. 1. Is Anita reading a book? 2. Is the driver parking the car? 3. Can you help me fix this tap? 4. Are they looking at the beautiful flowers? 5. Will the dog chew on the shoe?

G. 1. Nikhil can bake a cake alone. 2. Somebody is jumping on the roof. 3. You will go to the market today. 4. You were studying in my room. 5. Molly has written the letter to her sister.

H. 1. Who makes the earthen pots? 2. Who found the route to India? 3. How many hours should you sleep every day? 4. How old are you? 5. Can you swim in the river? 6. Where did you buy these things? 7. Which is the busiest ocean of the world? 8. What have I taken today? 9. Is platypus an amphibian or a mammal? 10. When did we have a birthday party.

I. 1. b 2. a 3. d 4. b 5. d 6. c 7. a 8. c 9. c 10. b

15. Animals and Their Young Ones

1. c 2. a 3. e 4. f 5. b 6. d

16. Animals and Their Shelters

1. f 2. a 3. g 4. b 5. h 6. d 7. e 8. c

17. Animals and Their Sounds

1. f 2. a 3. e 4. h 5. c 6. d 7. b 8. g

18. Letter and Application Writing

Do yourself

19. Writing Skills

Ans 1. Sam is celebrating his birthday party. 2. The celebration is on 8, December at 6:00 p.m. at McDonald's in PVS Mall. 3. The guests will be served burgers, french fries and cakes. 4. I desire to go to Sam's party with my parents.

21. Synonyms

1. Annoy 2. Inclination 3. Last 4. Slang 5. Sign 6. Sharp

22. Antonyms

1. departure 2. sharp 3. troubled 4. exit 5. strong 6. innocent 7. tenant 8. follower

23. Comprehension

1

1. Natural resources are the things that are useful and come from the Earth. They include rocks, stones, water, plants, animals, etc. 2. There is fertile soil with sufficient rains and water that are helpful for industry and trade. 3. Deserts are not suitable for living conditions and they are hot and dry places that are difficult to travel. 4. It will depend on my occupation but I shall prefer a place with sufficient natural resources. 5. Renewable resources are those that can be replenished or replaced easily. For example, sun, wind, water and trees. 6. Uses of Natural Resources.

2

1. Self-reflection means to stop the mad rush of activity and thus calm the brain to evaluate the input received till now. 2. When I complete a unit of study, I note down what new things I learned. 3. It helps to self-evaluate. It helps to remember. It helps to make connections that help to retrieve the new information whenever needed. 4. I am willing to begin the process of self-reflection in the subject of English Grammar and Science. Thus, I shall be able to self-evaluate, remember and retrieve their contents. 5. The Skill of Self-reflection.

3

1. Galileo Galilei was born in the year 1564 in the town of Pisa, Italy. 2. Math was the only subject where Galileo was doing well. 3. Galileo became an inventor because he wanted to earn money by selling his inventions. 4. Galileo discovered that the moon was not smooth. It was covered in bumps and craters. 5. Within 24 hours Galileo invented a telescope. 6. The Experiments of Galileo Galilei

GLITTERING GRAMMAR CLASS-5

1. Nouns

A. 1. Persons: Saurabh, engineer, teacher, boy 2. Animals: camel, lion, crocodile, squirrel 3. Places: school, Delhi, museum, home 4. Things: train, pencil, book, chair

B. 1. Accountant 2. Carpenter 3. Actor/actress 4. Bus driver 5. Designer 6. Architect 7. Dentist 8. Butcher

C. 1. Proper noun 2. Proper noun 3. Common noun 4. Proper noun 5. Common noun 6. Proper noun 7. Common noun 8. Proper noun

D. 1. Fleet 2. Shoal 3. Flock 4. Team 5. Pack 6. Galaxy 7. Pair 8. Host

E. 1. troops 2. loaf 3. hive 4. sloth 5. flock 6. tribe 7. flock 8. pack

F. 1. class 2. bouquet 3. crowd 4. constellations 5. pack 6. crew 7. team 8. crowd

G. 1. success 2. loss 3. exit 4. departure 5. sorrow 6. friendship 7. calmness 8. doubt

H. 1. poverty 2. wastage 3. truth 4. honesty 5. bravery 6. excitement 7. permission 8. hatred

I. 1. the dog's 2. the snake's 3. Lilies 4. diamonds 5. Heena's 6. my mother's

2. Nouns: Number

A. 1. boxes 2. children 3. buildings 4. women 5. countries 6. tomatoes 7. dresses 8. thieves 9. birds 10. houses

B. 1. laptop 2. tables 3. dresses 4. cars 5. windows 6. cat 7. chair 8. chocolates

C. 2. The chocolate is not in the box. 3. This glass is not for that man. 4. Is the bottle on the table? 5. Is the student in the classroom? 6. Is that man a worker? 7. Is he a nice character? 8. The brushes are under the bed.

D. 1. The mare gave birth to many foals. 2. The glass have broken. 3. The deer was attacked by the wolf. 4. You must change your brush every month. 5. The woman wore traditional dress for the school function. 6. My son-in-law is very helpful. 7. The pony was tired after the journey uphill. 8. There is a mice in the mousetrap.

E. 1. how much 2. how many 3. how many 4. how much 5. how much 6. how much 7. how many 8. how many

F. 1. birds 2. rooms 3. dresses 4. apple 5. cups 6. watches 7. cookies 8. Children

3. Noun: Gender

A. 1. F, M 2. C, N 3. M, N 4. M, C 5. C, C, N 6. F, N, N 7. F, F 8. M, N

B. 1. The mother has two nephews who live in Bangkok. 2. My brother has appointed a salesman at his shop. 3. The landlady scolded her servant. 4. The count met the prince in the court. 5. The hostess welcomed the gents with a big smile. 6. There are five women living in the hostel at present.

C. 1. The she-goat belonged to the landlord. 2. The fisher-woman caught a drake for her husband. 3. The daughter of washerwoman was adopted by the emperor. 4. The priestess sat beside the queen at the meeting. 5. The witch turned the bridegroom into a horse.

4. Pronouns

A. 1. me 2. me 3. she 4. me 5. me 6. her 7. I 8. him 9. us 10. me

B. 1. Mansi said that she had to go meet her friend soon. 2. The boy told his friend to get an ice-cream for him. 3. Firoz's mother asked him to clean the bookshelf. 4. Arun and I stopped when we felt tired. 5. Mr. Rehaan met Monica and Teena. He shook hands with them. 6. Lata took the watch out of her pocket. She looked at it. 7. Sarita is a nice girl. She helps me with my studies. 8. Nikunj promised that he would look after his grandparents.

C. 1. myself 2. herself 3. himself 4. herself 5. themselves 6. ourselves 7. himself 8. yourself 9. herself 10. herself 11. themselves 12. himself 13. yourself 14. himself 15. myself

D. 1. whom, girl 2. who, man 3. that, birds 4. who, Manas 5. who, boy 6. whose, men 7. whom, actress 8. whose, boy

E. 1. that 2. who 3. who 4. that 5. who 6. who 7. who 8. which

F. 1. theirs 2. yours 3. mine 4. hers 5. ours 6. his 7. its

G. 1. yours 2. yours 3. theirs 4. his 5. ours 6. his 7. its

- H. 1. Those 2. These 3. This 4. That 5. Those 6. This 7. Those
 I. 1. Who 2. Who 3. What 4. Whom 5. Who 6. What 7. Where 8. whom

5. Articles

- A. 1. An, a, a 2. a, a 3. a, an 4. a, an 5. an, a 6. a
 B. 1. The Sun 2. The girl 3. The Titanic 4. The staple, fish curry 5. The German, French 6. The food 7. Gold 8. the most
 C. 1. the, the 2. The, the 3. The, the, the 4. a 5. The, the, The, the 6. The, the 7. a, an 8. an, a 9. a, a 10. the
 D. 1. He lives in Chandni Chowk near the Red Fort. 2. It waits for the trainer till he finishes his work. 3. The dog is a faithful animal. 4. She gave me a useful book. 5. The Sun gives us heat and light. 6. I am an honest boy. 7. Always speak the truth. 8. The orange you ate was ripe. 9. The Nile is the longest river. 10. Her parents come in an auto-rickshaw.

6. Kinds of Adjectives

- A. 1. naughty, loud 2. Heavy 3. delicious 4. cool, light 5. open, ripe 6. good 7. thirsty, old 8. huge
 B. 1. Forty N 2. any Q 3. first N 4. twenty-three N 5. two, some N 6. much Q 7. tenth N 8. second, third N
 C. 1. That 2. Those 3. those 4. These, those 5. that 6. those 7. this 8. These
 D. 1. Which 2. Which 3. Whose 4. What 5. Which 6. Which 7. What 8. Whose 9. Which 10. Which
 E. 1. My, my 2. our 3. our 4. Your 5. its 6. their 7. your 8. her
 F. 1. mine 2. hers 3. your 4. them 5. their 6. my 7. yours 8. her 9. my 10. my

7. Degrees of Comparison

- A. 1. loudest 2. slower 3. longer 4. best 5. kindest 6. loudest 7. funniest 8. honest
 B. 1. The Sun is brighter than the Moon. 2. Apple is the reddest fruit. 3. A bag full of sugar is heavier than one full of cotton. 4. June is the best month to visit Kashmir. 5. Eating home cooked food is better than eating street food.

8. Verbs

- A. 1. Intransitive 2. Transitive 3. Transitive 4. Transitive 5. Transitive 6. Transitive 7. Transitive 8. Transitive
 B. 1. will get, cross the road, disobeying traffic rules 2. can fix a computer, is repairing laptop 3. is, my birthday have thrown a party 4. found a coin, kept 5. Climbed up the trees, plucked many apples, threw them. 6. lives in a tree house are many arboreals

C. Subject	Verb	Object
1. The eagle	swooped down, carried away	the rabbit
2. The lion	hid	the hunter
3. My mother	baked	a delicious cake
4. The principal	gave	me, a pretty flower

5. Varsha slept her waterbed
6. Karan got a gold medal

D. 1. is 2. loves 3. is 4. is 5. is 6. am 7. gave 8. loves 9. are shining 10. Do

E. A car and a bike are my means of transportation. 2. No change 3. Excitement, as well as nervousness, is the cause of her shaking. 4. Neither Richa nor the others are available. 5. My aunt or my uncle is arriving by train today. 6. Either Karina or Vibha has participated in the competition. 7. The politician, along with the newsmen, is expected shortly. 8. Each of the girls sings well.

9. Modals

A. 1. Would 2. would 3. could 4. should 5. would 6. should 7. should 8. should 9. could 10. should

B. 1. must 2. should 3. may 4. must 5. must 6. may not 7. would 8. must 9. can 10. could

10. Kinds of Adverbs

A. 1. naughtily 2. quietly 3. patiently 4. loudly 5. beautifully 6. affectionately 7. angrily 8. happily

B. 1. late, reached 2. tomorrow, will attend 3. tonight is 4. Earlier, know 5. today, will give

C. 1. outside 2. everywhere 3. there 4. indoors 5. somewhere

D. 1. almost 2. fully 3. most 4. very 5. extremely 6. nearly 7. completely 8. absolutely 9. quite 10. really.

E. outside, adverb of place 2. fairly, adverb of manner 3. wonderfully, adverb of degree 4. very, adverb of degree 5. tomorrow, adverb of time 6. there, adverb of place 7. fluently, adverb of manner 8. absolutely, adverb of degree

F. 1. annually 2. seldom 3. always 4. rarely 5. always 6. always 7. seldom 8. never

G. 1. tomorrow 2. outside 3. everywhere 4. monthly 5. still 6. never 7. extremely 8. playfully

11. Simple Tenses: Present, Past and Future

A. 1. contains 2. speaks 3. wash 4. rings 5. give 6. love 7. drink 8. wants 9. teaches 10. gets

B. 1. ate 2. wrote 3. lost 4. drank 5. spoke 6. repaired 7. drove 8. talked 9. paid 10. came

C. 1. shall stay 2. will be 3. shall cook 4. will finish 5. shall think 6. shall open 7. shall answer 8. will visit 9. will return 10. shall ask

12. Continuous Tense: Present, Past and Future

A. 1. are swimming 2. is listening 3. am cleaning 4. is acting 5. are leaving 6. is watching 7. is washing 8. is baking 9. is digging 10. is setting

B. 1. The old man is sitting on the wooden bench in the park. 2. The cat is jumping over the wall. 3. The musician is playing before the crowd on the road. 4. Some Canadian candidates are participating in the Indian Idol. 5. The teacher is showing the students how to behave with others. 6. The children are gathering at the mall to go for the movie. 7. Kashif and Abhishek are buying tickets to watch the magic show. 8. The minister is speaking at the opening ceremony.

C. 1. Kanishk is writing a book. 2. The children are playing outside. 3. Mihir is driving a car to office today 4. I cannot find my car. I am looking for it. 5. The cook is on leave. So we are going out to eat. 6. Next month, we have a party at our home. We are preparing for it.

D. 1. gives 2. am talking 3. is painting 4. arrives 5. plans 6. are dancing

E. 1. were dancing 2. was tying 3. were crawling 4. was winning 5. were beginning 6. was training

F. 1. was burning 2. stamped 3. was wearing 4. forgave 5. was posting 6. promised

G. 1. will be leaving 2. will be returning 3. will be watching 4. shall be going 5. will be coming 6. will be training 7. will be conducting 8. will be performing.

H. 1. are going to complete 2. is going to clean 3. is going to play 4. am going to call 5. are going to learn 6. is going to be

13. Perfect Tenses: Present, Past and Future

A. 1. have gone 2. have lost 3. has arrested 4. has broken 5. have, eaten 6. has climbed 7. has written 8. have told

B. 1. Spectators have gathered to watch the monkey show. 2. Urvashi has gone to the gym for her morning exercises. 3. People have heard the news about the earthquake. 4. Tapas has brought the goods to his house. 5. They have drunk water from a polluted well. 6. Naushad has given his parents a bouquet of flowers on their marriage anniversary. 7. Bharat has represented his school in the interstate competition. 8. An elephant has arrived at the gate of my school.

C. 1. had, read 2. had, eaten 3. had, entered 4. had, risen 5. had woven 6. had died 7. had cut 8. had written

D. 1. missed, had gone 2. wanted 3. forgot, had called 4. received, had scored 5. called, had left 6. arrived, had, started 7. had spent, wanted 8. sang, had played

E. 1. will have packed 2. will have visited 3. will have arrested 4. shall have done 5. will have left 6. shall have fulfilled 7. will have written 8. will have discussed

14. Prepositions

A. 1. behind, preposition of place 2. beside, preposition of place 3. to, preposition of movement 4. on, preposition of time 5. under, preposition of place 6. in, preposition of time 7. around, preposition of place 8. in, preposition of time

B. 1. on 2. by 3. at 4. into 5. on 6. across 7. over 8. with

C. 1. instead of (C) 2. to (S) 3. with (S) 4. behind (S) 5. in front of (C) 6. because of (C) 7. in (S) 8. next to (C)

D. 1. fight with 2. afraid of 3. pleased with 4. good at 5. rude to 6. kind to

E. 1. in 2. of 3. from 4. at 5. with 6. from 7. on 8. in 9. below 10. behind

F. 1. She's a very selfish person who doesn't show any consideration for others. 2. In our school, the teachers' basic hourly rate was increased by 5%. 3. There's a fine of 5 rupees a day overdue for library books. 4. In the beginning of his career, he had very little success. 5. He forgot to consider the rise of the cost of living. 6. This ticket entitles you for a free meal at our new restaurant. 7. The botanist discovered some new specimens of flowers on that island. 8. I can't understand people who are cruel to animals. 9. He is good at playing chess. 10. Are you afraid of him?

15. The Sentences

- A.** 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.
- B.** 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10.
- C.** 1. Did he remember his grandfather's advice? 2. Where does Mrs. Khatri live? 3. Are Jason and John twins? 4. When will your mother be visiting our school? 5. When do I take dinner?
- D.** 1. We do not like to play tennis. 2. She does not write neatly. 3. His name is not Nitin. 4. Shruti is not in England. 5. It does not cost a lot of time and energy. 6. Gautam did not buy flowers from the florist. 7. This house was not built by my grandfather. 8. I am not ten years old. 9. My brother does not play cricket. 10. I am not feeling tired. 11. The maid does not wash the dishes. 12. Don't put your books on the table. 13. He has not played football. 14. Karan did not reach home late. 15. Miss Seema does not teach English.
- E.** 1. The soldiers were not kind to the enemies. 2. The cat was not grinning. 3. She is not choosing a dress for her. 4. I am not going to read The Harry Potter. 5. My friends will not lend this car to me. 6. I shall not buy a bungalow.
- F.** 1. They had not finished dinner when we reached. 2. The children have not collected money for the trip. 3. Kamini hasn't brought her new pen. 4. Rohan has not volunteered to do social work. 5. Mili has not returned from the official tour.
- G.** 1. Does she cook well? 2. I am not very excited about our holiday plans. 3. Were they buying new curtains for the house? 4. How happy Neena is! 5. How well Parul and Jane sing! 6. They do not play only on weekends. 7. What a lovely cake mother has baked for Raju! 8. Is my sister singing a song at the party? 9. Is Shashank from France? 10. Malti did not lose her purse.

16. Prefix and Suffix

- A.** 1. Prefix 2. Nonsense 3. Unhappy 4. Unfair 5. Improve 6. Review 7. Important 8. Unhold 9. Illogical 10. Invisible
- B.** 1. Thankful 2. Colourful 3. Worthless 4. Harmless 5. Beautiful 6. Homeless 7. Painful 8. Useful 9. Successful 10. Homeless

18. Antonyms and Synonyms

- A.** 1. Consonant 2. depth 3. Slow 4. Stale 5. Wide 6. Pupil 7. Reap 8. Sweet 9. Curse 10. Accidental 11. Soft 12. Borrower 13. West 14. Patient
- B.** 1. Folly 2. Energetic 3. Majority 4. Nonsense 5. Defeat 6. Student
- C.** 1. Earth 2. tale 3. correct 4. Forbid 5. Ache 6. Fresh 7. Way 8. Endure 9. Murder 10. Occupation
- D.** 1. Rubbish 2. Hold 3. Annoyed 4. Forgive 5. Revive 6. Skinny

19. One Word Substitution

1. d 2. b 3. b 4. c 5. c 6. a 7. d 8. a 9. d 10. d

22. Comprehension

1

1. (a) should be obeyed. (b) unwillingness to stay away from her husband. 2. Kaushalya was sad because her son Rama was going to exile. 3. Kaushalya had to agree to send Sita with Rama because Sita was not willing to stay away from her husband. 4. (a) expulsion (b) soft. 5. Mother's Love

2

1. Money occupies the pivotal position in the modern world. 2. Three uses of money referred to in the passage are—good, bad and indifferent. 3. Money is generally used wrongly. 4. The right use of money consists in spending it for universal good. 5. (a) concern for possessions or material wealth and physical comforts. (b) in the welfare of the world. 6. Uses of Money.

3

1. We have to honour not only our own religion but the religion of others also. 2. The hallmark of Indian culture is that the people of one religion tolerate the people of other religions. 3. When a man honours another's religion, his own religion is honoured and when he does not honour other man's religion, his own faith is also not honoured. 4. Some people raise the battle-cry in the name of religion and thus they degrade religion.

4

1. Wealthy people can help the poor and needy by providing them food and clothing. 2. The rich men can carry out the works like the foundation of educational institutions, starting of mills and factories and promoting the growth of science and agriculture by financing research institutions. 3. The rich men waste their money on luxuries and on gratification of sensual pleasures. 4. Riches can become a source of corruption and sin by wasting their money on sensuous pleasures. 5. Profitably.

5

1. In California, in the city of San Francisco. 2. The purpose of the Earth Day is to remind us to stop and look at the problems of our environment, and to evaluate what we can do to prevent those problems. 3. The three rules to save the Earth are 3 R's. Reduce, reuse and recycle. 4. The two worst problems of the Earth are pollution and loss of natural resources.

Glittering Grammar-6

1. Nouns

A. 1. Do yourself

B. 1. 1. Honesty and policy_ abstract noun, 2. a bunch_ collective noun, keys_ common noun 3. Habits _ abstract noun 4. Lie _ abstract noun 5. Mr. John _ proper noun

C. 1. army 2. team 3. bunch 4. bouquet 5. library 6. flock 7. gang 8. band 9. troupe 10. class

D. 1. My childhood is the best period of my life. 2. I have great pleasure to welcome you. 3. He is a man of strength. 4. Her sadness was so intense that she could not weep. 5. Soldiers received an award for their bravery. 6. My mom's weakness is the reason of worry for me. 7. Honesty is the best policy. 8. Justice must be followed in every situation. 9. She must take right decision. 10. Please measure the length of the table.

E. 1. Length 2. Sweetness 3. Strength 4. Bravery 5. Width 6. Justice 7. Pride 8. Poverty 9. Height 10. Childhood.

2. Number Nouns

A. 1. radios 2. berries 3. computers 4. books 5. boxes 6. calves 7. studios 8. Horses 9. tattoos 10. wives 11. step-mothers 12. Englishmen 13. boatmen 14. clocks

B. 1. Chair 2. Thief 3. catches 4. Foot 5. stories 6. Ox 7. Piano 8. men 9. mice 10. albums 11. laps 12. deaths 13. Toy 14. Woman-lawyer

C. 1. Girl does not tell a lie. 2. His tooth is white. 3. There are many cats in a room.

4. There were ten ladies in the bus. 5. There are many fish. 6. Where is my glass?

7. She read many stories. 8. Sheep are grazing. 9. Children are playing in the park. 10. Boys go to school. 11. Give me a glass of water. 12. Their wives are not happy. 13. The scissors keep on the tool box. 14. The police are looking for the criminal. 15. What is your hair colour? 16. My new trousers does not fit me well. 17. Where have you kept the pair of scissors? 18. A man is making in the premises. 19. These, chairs are made of plastic. 20. The furniture of their room is very costly.

3. Gender (Nouns)

A. 1. The duchess wanted to learn painting from the mistress. 2. The waiter welcomed the man into the restaurant. 3. The shepherdess asked the landlady to lend her some money. 4. The tigress ate the son of the washerman. 5. The empress announced her heiress. 6. The mare kicked the man badly. 7. Mrs Rawat and Mrs Goyal went for shopping. 8. The hero of the movie was very beautiful.

B. 1. sir, Masculine 2. wife, Feminine 3. priest, Masculine 4. tiger, Masculine 5. heroine, Feminine 6. horse, Masculine 7. washerwoman, Feminine 8. bull, Masculine

C. 1. N 2. C 3. F 4. C 5. C 6. M

D. 1. He 2. herself 3. duchess 4. father 5. lion 6. He 7. guests 8. It

4. Articles

A. 1. a 2. An 3. A 4. an 5. a

B. 1. He bought a dozen bananas. 2. I want to buy an ink pen. 3. He is a great man. 4. A lot of people appreciated him. 5. She is a nice girl.

C. 1. the 2. an 3. An 4. The, the 5. The 6. an 7. The 8. the

5. Pronouns

A. 1. us 2. I 3. he/she 4. she 5. she 6. you 7. he/she 8. We 9. I 10. him

B. 1. your, mine 2. her 3. its 4. him 5. your 6. our, my 7. his 8. their

C. 1. himself 2. themselves 3. ourselves 4. itself 5. himself 6. herself 7. themselves 8. themselves

D. 1. that 2. those 3. This 4. That 5. those

E. 1. Either 2. each 3. Each 4. Each 5. Either

F. 1. What 2. Where 3. Who 4. Who 5. Where

G. 1. That is the boy who met me on the road. 2. She is the lady whose daughter plays with me every day. 3. This is the confectionery that prepare delicious cakes. 4. She is the teacher whom I want to meet. 5. I am studying mathematics which is very difficult.

H. 1. some 2. no one 3. Something, nothing 4. Many 5. little 6. a few 7. anyone 8. Someone 9. No one 10. Everybody

6. Adjectives

A. 1. bright 2. intelligent 3. big 4. old 5. blue 6. naughty 7. wise 8. beautiful

B. 1. Many 2. any 3. a lot 4. some 5. any 6. much 7. some 8. any

C. 1. third 2. two 3. hundred 4. All 5. second 6. four 7. three 8. two

D. 1. These 2. That 3. This 4. these 5. That 6. that 7. this 8. This 9. these 10. Those

E. 1. my 2. my, your 3. own 4. their 5. my, yours 6. my 7. Its 8. Our

F. 1. hard-working 2. many 3. all 4. some 5. What 6. Whose 7. my 8. famous

7. Comparison of Adjectives

A. 1. better 2. more difficult 3. tallest 4. more useful 5. fittest 6. happiest 7. worst 8. safest

B. 1. bolder, boldest 2. more suitable, most suitable 3. neater, neatest 4. happier, happiest 5. deeper, deepest 6. tastier, tastiest 7. hotter, hottest 8. poorer, poorest 9. stronger, strongest 10. more wonderful, most wonderful

C. It is the largest building of all. 2. The tortoise is the slowest animal. 3. It is the most joyful moment of our life. 4. It is the most wonderful day. 5. I have read the most of books. 6. He is the best actor. 7. It is the worst situation. 8. He is the ablest man of all. 9. It is the heaviest of all. 10. She is the nicest girl of all.

D. I have three friends. All friends study in my class. Their name is Akshat, Yash and Rishabh. Akshat is a lazy boy while Yash is hard-working. On the other hand, Rishabh is a clever boy.

8. Verbs

A. 1. plays 2. runs 3. loves 4. bursted 5. eating 6. brings 7. paint 8. brought 9. switch 10. eating

B. 1. Transitive 2. Intransitive 3. Intransitive 4. Intransitive 5. Transitive 6. Intransitive 7. Transitive 8. Intransitive

C. 1. needs 2. Could 3. must 4. should 5. shall 6. ought to 7. Can 8. May

D. 1. He sat on a chair. 2. I bought a shirt. 3. I saw a girl. 4. She asked me a question. 5. Ajay had a bike. 6. The police caught a thief.

9. Adverbs

A. 1. nicely 2. quickly 3. easily 4. heavily 5. gladly

B. 1. high 2. beside 3. everywhere 4. nowhere 5. away

C. 1. today 2. yet 3. once 4. soon 5. early

D. 1. very 2. just 3. very 4. almost 5. entirely

E. 1. daily 2. sometimes 3. always 4. everyday 5. occasionally

F. 1. really, Adverb of Degree 2. before, Adverb of Time 3. often, Adverb of Frequency 4. sometimes, Adverb of Frequency 5. carefully, Adverb of Manner 6. now, Adverb of Time

10. Comparison of Adverbs

A. 1. less, least 2. more, most 3. worse, worst 4. farther, farthest 5. more carefully, most carefully

B. 1. tightly 2. bravely 3. latest 4. far 5. more brightly 6. hardest

11. Subject and Predicate

A. 1. You 2. The young painter 3. The students 4. The black shirt 5. Wajid 6. Priya 7. Shyam 8. the stone

B. 1. They 2. Rakesh 3. A boy 4. The meeting 5. Naina 6. Mona 7. Yash 8. We

C. 1. She is a very naughty girl. 2. All of them were confused. 3. He is not coming today. 4. Salman looked happy. 5. Don't make a noise. 6. I went to Rajasthan with my family. 7. The baby is crying badly. 8. She is very angry.

D. 1. d 2. e 3. a 4. b 5. c 6. h 7. f 8. g

E. My friend, He, He, My friend, he, He, The door of the house, The lock, My friend, He

12. The Sentence

A. 2. Tanya is an intelligent girl. 3. I love chocolates. 4. This site is very beautiful. 5. They are poor people. 6. His head is bleeding. 7. We are going to the market today. 8. She is wearing a yellow frock.

B. 1. (i) My birthday falls in July. (ii) My birthday does not fall in July. 2. (i) I go to market by cycle. (ii) I do not go to market by cycle. 3. (i) Yes, I study Sanskrit at school. (ii) No, I do not study Sanskrit at school. 4. (i) Yes, I saw the movie Harry Potter. (ii) No, I did not see the movie Harry Potter. 5. (i) Yes, I like strangers. (ii) No, I don't like strangers. 6. (i) Yes, I like watching cartoon films. (ii) No, I don't like watching cartoon films.

C. 1. Please give me a glass of water. 2. Just do your work quietly in the exam. 3. You should write your complete address on an application form. 4. Go and change your school uniform. 5. Take the right position.

D. 1. When will you go to meet him? 2. How long is it? 3. Why can't you go there? 4. Who is his team's captain? 5. Whom does this book belong to? 6. Is this answer very complicated?

E. 1. How beautiful she is! 2. What a confused person you are! 3. How smelly the rotten fruits are! 4. What a wonderful player Sachin Tendulkar is! 5. How dangerous it is to play with fire! 6. How beautiful the rain is!

13. Formation of Interrogatives

A. 1. Yes, I go to school. 2. Yes, I have done my homework. 3. No, I shall not come today. 4. Yes, I am happy. 5. Yes, I help my parents. 6. No, I am not feeling sleepy. 7. Yes, I love my brother and sister. 8. Yes, I like ice-cream.

B. 1. What 2. What 3. Where 4. Who 5. When 6. Which 7. Why 8. When

C. 1. You are going to meet her, aren't you? 2. She is still very strong, isn't she? 3. The minister will come next month, won't he? 4. You will be attending her function, won't you be? 5. You will join the club next week, won't you? 6. The plane has reached the airport, hasn't it? 7. I should add more sugar to this pudding, shouldn't I? 8. They are going to attend the wedding, aren't they?

D. 1. Do you eat two apples every morning? 2. Would it be better to go there in the evening? 3. Did she do her task well? 4. Did you receive my mail? 5. Where are the girls? 6. Does he look like Tom Cruise? 7. How are you? 8. How is the day today? 9. How many rupees did you pay for it? 10. How many brothers or sisters do you have?

14. Conjunctions

A. 1. The moon was bright but not bright as the sun. 2. The food was not tasty because it was spicy. 3. Wait till I come back. 4. Though the team played well, they did not win the match. 5. Do you know his house number or phone number? 6. The sun had set but it was still light outside.

B. 1. We decided to take part as we were good dancers. 2. They lost a lot of money but they are still rich. 3. The market will open if the rain stops. 4. He was on a good position still he was not happy. 5. He is as sincere as his sister.

C. 1. He is rich but unhappy. 2. Is it black or white? 3. If weather is fine, we will play. 4. We got home and went straight for breakfast. 5. You can go on bike or take a bus.

D. 1. No sooner did I entered the house than my cat pounced on me. 2. Either read it properly or stop coming to the class. 3. As she ran very fast, I fell behind. 4. He is neither hard-working nor sincere. 5. Not only you can go home but also your sister can come home.

16. Present Tense

A. 1. is 2. use 3. lives 4. live 5. drink 6. goes 7. comes 8. reads.

B. 1. (a) The sun is not a star. (b) Is the sun a star? 2. (a) A mango does not taste better than a pineapple. (b) Does a mango taste better than a pineapple? 3. (a) We do not use plastic bags. (b) Do we use plastic bags? 4. (a) Smoking does not damage our health. (b) Does smoking damage our health? 5. (a) The milkman does not come on a bicycle. (b) Does the milkman come on a bicycle?

C. 1. is shining 2. is singing 3. is exercising 4. is watering 5. is crying 6. is waiting 7. are serving 8. is working

D. 1. have read 2. have cleaned 3. have eaten 4. has broken 5. has bought 6. has taken

E. 1. (a) Ramesh has not written two letters. (b) Has Ramesh written two letters? 2. (a) Two readers have not appreciated it. (b) Have two readers appreciated it? 3. (a) Rehaana has not completed her course. (b) Has Rehaana completed her course? 4. (a) I have not seen many live performances. (b) Have I seen many live performances? 5. (a) Our relatives have not shifted to Goa. (b) Have our relatives shifted to Goa? 6. (a) All of us have not had our dinner. (b) Have all of us had our dinner?

F. 1. has been reading 2. has been teaching 3. has been painting 4. have been waiting 5. has been attending 6. has been preparing 7. have been trying 8. has been coming

G. 1. (a) My grandmother has not been suffering from headache. (b) Has my grandmother been suffering from headache? 2. (a) Aditi and her brother have not been playing in the park since 7 o'clock. (b) Have Aditi and her brother been playing in the park since 7 o'clock? 3. (a) We have not been watering the trees. (b) Have we been watering the trees? 4. (a) I have not been advising him about his studies. (b) Have I been advising him about his studies? 5. (a) Param has not been trying to pass the exam. (b) Has Param been trying to pass the exam? 6. (a) Shivam has not been driving himself. (b) Has Shivam been driving himself? 7. (a) The girl has not been laughing. (b) Has the girl been laughing? 8. (a) We have not been waiting for her for three hours. (b) Have we been waiting for her for three hours?

17. Past Tense

A. 1. sew, came 2. agreed 3. attended 4. spoke 5. ate 6. agreed 7. wore 8. went

B. 1. was helping 2. was watching 3. was asking 4. was working 5. was sitting 6. were trying 7. were flying 8. was walking

C. 1. (a) She was not speaking to herself. (b) Was she speaking to herself? 2. (a) Ashima was not playing with her doll when her mother arrived. (b) Was Ashima playing with her doll when her mother arrived? 3. (a) Sanjay was not sleeping during the seminar. (b) Was Sanjay sleeping during the seminar? 4. (a) They were not running to catch a bird. (b) Were they running to catch a bird? 5. (a) The rest of us were not pretending to laugh. (b) Were the rest of us pretending to laugh? 6. (a) The teacher was not looking only at the students in the front row. (b) Was the teacher looking only at the students in the front row?

D. 1. had killed 2. had managed 3. had played 4. had gone 5. had dropped 6. had left 7. had given 8. had stood

E. 1. had been selling 2. had been cleaning 3. been playing 4. had been singing 5. had been waiting

F. 1. (a) We had not been playing in the park for two hours. (b) Had we been

playing in the park for two hours? 2. (a) My aunty had not been cleaning the room since morning. (b) Had my aunty been cleaning the room since morning? 3. (a) I had not been eating since one hour. (b) Had I been eating since one hour? 4. (a) The children had not been walking to the garden when the owner saw them. (b) Had the children been walking to the garden when the owner saw them? 5. (a) Ramesh had not been sleeping when the manager entered. (b) Had Ramesh been sleeping when the manager entered?

18. Future Tense

A. 1. shall open 2. shall meet 3. will prepare 4. will buy 5. shall meet 6. will, join 7. shall give 8. shall dance

B. 1. (a) Suresh will not like this dish. (b) Will Suresh like this dish? 2. (a) He will not join us tomorrow. (b) Will he join us tomorrow? 3. (a) We shall not take part in the competition. (b) Shall we take part in the competition? 4. (a) The police will not run after the thief. (b) Will the police run after the thief? 5. (a) She will not invite her friends at her birthday party. (b) Will she invite her friends at her birthday party? (a) 6. I shall not do my homework tomorrow. (b) Shall I do my homework tomorrow?

C. 1. shall be giving 2. will be reading 3. will be resting 4. will be cooking 5. will be playing 6. shall be doing 7. will be seeing 8. will be coming

D. 1. shall have done 2. will have gone 3. will have taken 4. shall have lived 5. will have learnt 6. will have gone

E. 1. (a) I shall not have finished the novel by next week. (b) Shall I have finished the novel by next week? 2. (a) You will not have submitted your project by that time. (b) Will you have submitted your project by that time? 3. (a) The Principal will not have delivered his speech before I reach the school. (b) Will the Principal have delivered his speech before I reach the school? 4. (a) I shall not have completed your painting by then. (b) Shall I have completed your painting by then?

F. 1. will have been decorating 2. will have been preparing 3. will have been solving 4. will have been seeking 5. will have been studying 6. will have been overflowing 7. will have been packing. 8. will have been studying.

G. 1. (a) Ritu's aunt will not have been inviting her to her house for quite sometime. (b) Will Ritu's aunt have been inviting her to her house for quite sometime? 2. (a) He will not have been buying all the gifts today. (b) Will he have been buying all the gifts today? 3. (a) Rehaan will not have been leaving for Mumbai tonight. (b) Will Rehaan have been leaving for Mumbai tonight? 4. (a) Carlos will not have been discovering a new island next year. (b) Will Carlos have been discovering a new island next year? 5. (a) By the end of the month, he will not have been taking treatment for one year. (b) Will he have been taking treatment by the end of the month, for one year? 6.

(a) We shall not have been reaching Nainital by then. (b) Shall we have been reaching Nainital by then?

19. Subject-Verb Agreement

- A.** 1. is 2. were 3. shine 4. were 5. plays 6. are 7. are 8. is 9. is 10. like
B. 1. die 2. is 3. is 4. is 5. is 6. are 7. are 8. are 9. is 10. are 11. is 12. is
C. 1. is 2. are 3. have 4. has 5. was 6. is 7. is 8. is 9. is 10. is

20. Active and Passive Voice

- A.** 1. Active 2. Passive 3. Passive 4. Passive 5. Active 6. Active
B. 1. This book was written by Mr. Seth. 2. A song will be presented at the event by Alka. 3. Lunch is being cooked for the guests by Reema. 4. The plane was being flown by the pilot. 5. The house is being decorated by the aunts. 6. A story was told to the grandchildren by grandmother. 7. A card was given to the teacher by the students.

21. Prepositions

- A.** 1. on 2. at 3. at 4. from 5. into 6. before 7. of 8. for
B. 1. to 2. from 3. with 4. at 5. since 6. for 7. in 8. at

22. Direct and Indirect Speech

- A.** 1. Maggie said that she was sorry for her behaviour. 2. I told my mother that I wanted to eat rice. 3. She told Rima that she was leaving for the station then. 4. Megha said that their relatives were waiting for them. 5. The girl exclaimed with fear that there was a snake under the carpet. 6. She said that she would give her brother a treat. 7. She said that she had bought a computer from Delhi. 8. Piya said that her brother was sleeping.
B. 1. Mother said, "Jaya, you are a good girl." 2. He said to me, "What is your name." 3. Tarun said, "Amit, I shall defeat you." 4. She said to her, "You can dance very well." 5. The teacher said, "You have done well." 6. She says, "I am hungry." 7. He said, "The sun sets in the west." 8. Rekha said, "I love to play."
C. 1. am, now 2. Is 3. will 4. said 5. told 6. told 7. Hurrah
D. 1. She said to me, "I will help you." 2. He said that he would phone him. 3. She said to the daughter, "Clean the doors." 4. You said to them, "I will help you." 5. She says, "I am recording the programme." 6. "Listen carefully," said the teacher. 7. They said, "We shall not go to the park today."

23. Punctuation

- A.** 1. What a delightful time I had last week! 2. Ajit, Amit, Charu and Ravi went to the market. 3. I was sitting in the room with Radha and Sheeba. 4. You haven't read a letter, have you? 5. Have you gone to Amritsar? 6. Rajat said, "I want to eat mango." 7. Yes, I remember him. 8. What a place! 9. The soldiers have gone. 10. Do you want to have lunch?
B. 1. How far is Delhi from Goa? 2. Please call these students: Naveen,

Surbhi, Priya and Nargis. 3. I saw a programme on Dr. Stephen Hawking on the BBC. 4. What an amazing picture! 5. Did you like the song? 6. Dr. Singh is a famous person. 7. " Stop there," ordered the policeman. 8. Nimisha asked, "Where is your house?". 9. "The view of these hills from here is beautiful," Anil exclaimed. 10. Vikram Seth and Shobha De are famous Indian writers. 11. Mumbai is an expensive city. 12. Did you like the film "Taare Zameen Par." 13. I am going to Australia. 14. Johny said, "I like ice-cream." 15. Get me these: "milk, sugar, coffee and coco powder."

24. Homophones

1. weak 2. weight 3. steal 4. peace 5. aloud 6. advice 7. hare 8. check 9. air 10. Here

25. Synonyms And Antonyms

A. 1. j 2. i 3. h 4. g 5. f 6. e 7. d 8. c 9. b 10. a

B. 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. d 5. c 6. d 7. a 8. c

26. Puzzle (Cross-Word)

1. Aged 2. Lettuce 3. Sort 4. Oak 5. Eat 6. Rapid 7. Drum 8. Crow 9. Whale 10. Open 11. Shy (top to bottom), sleep (left to right) 12. USA (left to right), UAE (top to bottom) 13. Yes 14. Niece 15. Kid 16. Sure

Comprehension

1. Earth Day

A. 1. c 2. b 3. d 4. a

B. 1. Earth 2. Automobiles 3. resources 4. environment 5. friendly

2. Christopher Columbus

1. d 2. a 3. b 4. c

3. Honesty

1. The hidden treasure was an iron box filled with valuable ornaments made of gold and diamond. 2. The peasant at once went to the person from whom he had bought the land and showed him the treasure. 3. The previous owner said that the treasure had been hidden in the plot by his ancestors. As the peasant had found it, it belongs to him. 4. This story teaches that we should be honest and not greedy. 5. Yes, the people today are greedier than the characters in this story.

Glittering Grammar-7

1. Nouns

A. 1. Reena, Bhopal 2. Najma, Puma t-shirt 3. Mumbai 4. Krishna, Taj Mahal, Agra 5. Narendra Modi, Prime Minister, India

B. 1. girl 2. student 3. ball 4. writer 5. fruit cakes

C. 2. f 3. b 4. a 5. c 6. e 7. h 8. g

D. 1. A 2. A 3. C 4. C 5. A

E. 1. Justice 2. truth 3. kindness 4. tallest 5. highest

2. Number and Gender (Nouns)

A. 1. He is a good man. 2. The boys' balloons are beautiful. 3. Ravi and Johan are friends. 4. Beside Mohan, six more boys were present there. 5. Goose like water. 6. Where is your luggage? 7. Many children love eating pasta. 8. I have an apple. 9. We are firemen. 10. The mice are gray.

B. Do yourself

3. Pronouns

A. 1. her 2. He, she 3. me 4. you, him 5. it, it 6. It

B. 1. His, mine 2. theirs 3. his, hers 4. theirs 5. yours, mine 6. theirs 7. hers 8. his

C. 1. These are the mugs my mother gave me. 2. That is Neha's friend. 3. These are your books. 4. That is my house. 5. All those are the people who danced at the function. 6. Remove the mats. These are dirty. 7. Look at the clothes here. These are imported from London. 8. That is the Red Fort.

D. 1. himself 2. myself 3. ourselves 4. himself 5. itself 6. myself

E. 1. Who ate the cake? 2. Who is knocking at the door? 3. Where do you want to live in? 4. Who watched the match? 5. What do you like? 6. Who is he and where does he work? 7. Who inaugurated the function? 8. Who has written this beautiful poem?

F. 1. Either 2. Each 3. Each 4. either 5. Either 6. each 7. Neither 8. Either

G. 1. anyone 2. All 3. Someone 4. everyone 5. anybody 6. everything 7. anything 8. Nobody 9. Everyone 10. Nobody

H. 1. This is the boy who has lost his bag. 2. Shreyas who does the work well is doing the work. 3. This is the lady who talks too much. 4. This is the dog that is very faithful. 5. Here is the girl whom I was searching for. 6. He is the man who helped me. 7. This is the house that belongs to Raman . 8. This is the plant which is full of red flowers.

4. Adjectives

A. 1. big 2. beautiful 3. honest 4. best 5. wise 6. gracious.

B. 1. some 2. little 3. much 4. lot 5. a lot of 6. much

C. 1. first 2. a few 3. five 4. first 5. first 6. All

D. 1. That 2. That 3. These 4. Certain 5. Such 6. such

E. 1. What 2. Which 3. What 4. Which 5. Whose 6. Whose

F. 1. Every, Distributive numeral adjective 2. few, Indefinite numeral adjective 3. Which, Interrogative adjective 4. that, Demonstrative adjective 5. several, Adjective of number 6. next, Adjective of number

G. 1. own 2. own 3. very 4. very 5. own 6. own 7. complete 8. very 9. own 10. very

H. 1. accessible 2. adversary 3. wonderful 4. picturesque 5. wooden 6. innermost 7. latest 8. whitish 9. older 10. dependent 11. trustworthy 12.

preferable

5. Comparison of Adjectives

- A.** 1. tallest 2. more 3. as, as 4. smallest 5. smallest 6. more, than
B. 1. some 2. any 3. much 4. a few 5. some 6. little
C. 1. later 2. latest 3. last 4. next 5. last 6. latter

6. Transitive and Intransitive Verbs

- A.** 1. attend, Transitive 2. stopped, Transitive 3. avoid, Transitive 4. know, Transitive; guide, Transitive 5. playing, Intransitive 6. gone, Intransitive 7. lived, Transitive 8. overlook, Transitive
B. 1. laughed 2. slipped 3. coughed 4. blushed 5. bled
C. 1. Her confidence had now completely evaporated. 2. He is yawning. 3. God exists. 4. She is shivering. 5. His uncle died. 6. He screamed loudly. 7. Tanya is sleeping. 8. She fainted with fear. 9. A child is crying. 10. The young girl blushed. 11. Nisha is weeping. 12. He slipped in the wet bathroom. 13. She sighed with fear. 14. The apple has begun to decay. 15. The train has arrived.

7. Finite and Non-Finite Verbs

- A.** 1. Stop 2. tried 3. comes 4. speaks 5. tried 6. help 7. wake up 8. asked
B. 1. She went to Delhi to visit the Red Fort. 2. It is a good deed to help the needy. 3. Every team has a coach to set the pace of the team. 4. Reema has gone to England to attend the meeting there. 5. I went to the exhibition to buy some statues. 6. I opened the purse to look into it.
C. 1. He picked up his book running into the room. 2. I saw some very beautiful birds. 3. Being hurt, the girl was hospitalised. 4. Opening the door, Roma went into the garden. 5. Seeing a lion, he ran for his life. 6. Alighted from the train, I looked for my mother.
D. 1. singing 2. riding 3. don't like crying 4. is surprising 5. wants dying 6. Cycling

8. Subject-Verb Agreement

- A.** 1. is 2. is 3. has 4. is 5. is 6. plays 7. have 8. is 9. was 10. is
B. 1. Slow and steady wins the race. 2. Some of the girls are sick. 3. The pair of trousers is his. 4. She and I are leaving the job. 5. Five million rupees is a lot of money. 6. Each of the criminals was arrested. 7. Some of the milk has curdled. 8. Many of the peaches were sour. 9. Much of the wheat was saved from pests. 10. The news is shocking.

9. Adverbs

- A.** 1. there 2. there 3. here 4. there 5. everywhere 6. downstairs
B. 1. quickly 2. slowly 3. neatly 4. easily 5. sweetly 6. gladly
C. Do yourself
D. 1. absolutely 2. a lot 3. so 4. so 5. very 6. almost

E. 1. tomorrow 2. never 3. soon 4. yesterday 5. soon 6. now

F. 1. She will certainly come here 2. This work is beyond my capability, therefore I cannot do it. 3. She came last in the competition, hence she is not happy. 4. Hopefully she went to Mumbai. 5. She unexpectedly asked him about the pending matter. 6. She will surely come there.

G. 1. When 2. much 3. Why 4. Where 5. How 6. many

H. 1. where 2. why 3. when 4. when 5. when 6. where

I. 1. I am often late for office. 2. I only asked for a glass of water. 3. She has almost finished the homework. 4. He usually drives to school. 5. She seldom disagrees with me. 6. We shall certainly meet them soon.

J. 1. just 2. highly 3. hard 4. short 5. nearly 6. Lately

K. 1. My suitcase was packed tight. This shirt is tight. 2. Meetings take place at fortnightly intervals. The committee meets fortnightly 3. Employees are paid weekly. This is a weekly magazine. 4. Don't hit it so hard. She had a hard life. 5. She opened her eyes wide. The road was wide enough. 6. The Sun just came out. It was a just decision. 7. They went long. This road is so long. 8. Please be here at 9 o'clock sharp. His mind is so sharp.

9. I prefer to deal with him directly. It is a direct object. 10. The sun was low in the sky. They are low caste people.

10. Simple Tenses

A. 1. ran to open the door. 2. wants to collect coins. 3. likes to work in the garden. 4. love to dance in the parties. 5. went to play in the park. 6. sat to read a newspaper.

B. 1. jogged, walk 2. read, resolved 3. take 4. extended, promised 5. studies, works, sleeps 6. get, shall sleep

11. Continuous Tenses

1. She was walking so fast that she was becoming breathless. 2. My uncle will be selling the old house and buying a new one. 3. They are tying his hands and feet and holding him fast. 4. She will be leaving for Chennai. She will be taking a new job. 5. The police will be guarding the roads. 6. I am reading an article about what the government is planning to achieve in the field of education in five years. 7. I shall not be receiving any information from him. 8. They are coming to my house to tell me what is happening.

12. Perfect Tenses

A. 1. The movie will have begun when you reach the theatre. 2. The director has just arrived for the function. 3. We have known her for a while. 4. The girl had injured before the police arrived. 5. We shall have reached the airport around then. 6. The book stall had closed when we reached.

B. 1. have done 2. had sunk 3. will have heard 4. has departed 5. had finished 6. had written

13. Perfect Continuous Tenses

A. 1. has not been feeling 2. has been giving 3. have been reading 4. have been going 5. have not been coming 6. has been playing 7. have been waiting 8. Has, been raining 9. has been visiting

B. 1. has been crying 2. had been playing 3. has been playing 4. had been working 5. had not been studying 6. will have been sitting 7. had been knowing 8. had been living 9. had not been practising

C. 1. will have been visiting 2. will have been winning 3. shall have been completing 4. will have been leaving 5. shall have been meeting 6. will have been 7. will have been flying 8. will have been costing 9. Shall, have been inviting

14. Determiners

A. 1. A woman is standing there. 2. He bought an elephant. 3. The pen he bought is red. 4. The king is very kind to the people. 5. She is a beautiful girl.

B. 1. these 2. that 3. your 4. which 5. whose 6. this

C. 1. Many 2. Few 3. Some 4. Every 5. Either

15. Articles

A. 1. an 2. an 3. a 4. a 5. a

B. 1. The, the 2. The 3. The, the 4. a 5. An, a

C. 1. Dinner is ready. 2. Apples are good to eat. 3. When do you have breakfast? 4. This is the article which she published. 5. Gold is a precious metal. 6. An aeroplane flies in the sky.

16. Prepositions

A. 1. since 2. on, at 3. for 4. by 5. in 6. on

B. 1. under 2. on behalf of 3. without 4. under 5. because of 6. within

C. 1. around, Preposition of Place 2. into, Preposition of Motion 3. over, Preposition of Place. 4. with, Preposition of Cause 5. for, Preposition of Purpose 6. by, Preposition of Source

17. Conjunctions

A. 1. You must walk fast otherwise you will miss the bus. 2. Do your work properly or leave the job. 3. He was found stealing, so he was arrested. 4. The rabbit was fast but the tortoise was steady. 5. God made the man and man made the country. 6. He is neither my brother nor my friend.

B. 1. No sooner I entered the house than my father shouted at me. 2. Not only my present job is good but also my earlier job was good. 3. English is neither boring nor difficult. 4. No sooner Aman reached the office than the rain started. 5. I like fruits as well as nuts very much. 6. As he drove very fast, so I was left behind.

C. 1. He lost not only his suitcase but also his papers. 2. He was punished

because he had committed forgery. 3. She is very old, still she enjoys good health. 4. He works hard in order that he may earn fame. 5. The question was easy, still many boys failed to solve. 6. The maid neither could not read nor write.

18. The Sentence

A. 1. He is an intelligent boy. 2. Will you come with me to the party? 3. What a lovely building this is! 4. Everybody was present in the class. 5. Hurry up or we will miss the match. 6. Sohan is unable to move.

B. Subject	Predicate
1. She	is going to a camp for the summer vacations.
2. Rita	ate her lunch before we arrived.
3. We	won the badminton match.
4. The big black dog	belongs to Miss Anne.
5. She	swept all the broken pieces of vase.
6. The flowers	are smelling sweet.

C. 1. AS 2. AS 3. NS 4. NS 5. AS 6. AS

D. 1. She does not attend the college regularly. 2. We have time to waste. 3. Ankit will not attend the party. 4. The man is honest in his work. 5. I have seen the Taj Mahal. 6. Manisha cannot speak English fluently.

E. 1. Have they completed their work? 2. Did Mrs. Rao go to the market? 3. Will they come later? 4. Is Rekha a singer? 5. Did Mr. Ram teach us English? 6. Do I like cricket?

F. 1. Surekha is coming with us for the party, isn't she? 2. They took a car loan from the bank, didn't they? 3. You do not live near our shop, do you? 4. Ramesh has finished his project, hasn't he? 5. Kapil runs a departmental store, doesn't he?

G. 1. Well done! Anju is presenting the show very well. 2. Aha! My father has a designer watch. 3. Oh! You are late for the training session. 4. What a great moment that was! 5. Indeed! Sameer is a very good boy. 6. How fast can Arpana write! 7. How beautiful the Earth is! 8. How lovely the flower is!

19. Phrases and Clauses

A. 1. eating cherries. 2. To be an engineer is 3. to ride a scooter 4. a big house 5. drinking milk 6. to buy her a computer

B. 1. He is a man with a kindly nature. 2. I have a beautiful sari made of silk. 3. This is a window made of glass. 4. I have a sweater made of wool. 5. I like jewellery made of silver. 6. She is a star of great fame.

C. 1. They reached home a short time ago. 2. Radha spoke with care. 3. I want to complete this work at this moment. 4. My brother studied out of the country. 5. The horse ran at a high speed. 6. She solved the question with

easiness.

D. 1. at that time, Adverb phrase 2. in the morning, Adverb phrase 3. a man of jolly nature, Adjective phrase 4. in the praise of God, Prepositional phrase 5. to meet my father, prepositional phrase. 6. in the conference, Prepositional phrase

E. 1. P 2. C 3. P 4. C 5. P 6. P

F. 1. If you work hard 2. If I make a promise 3. till I return 4. If you do not hurry 5. because I choose to 6. where I am 7. where he lived

G. 1. who is your sister 2. that just passed 3. which was gifted by her husband 4. that you can see here 5. that I was wearing yesterday 6. which you presented me 7. who work hard

H. 1. what do you want? 2. whatever I like. 3. that I shall fail 4. who she is. 5. that the door was open. 6. what had happened. 7. how you do this.

20. Simple, Compound and Complex Sentences

A. 1. The broken table, bear 2. Mahi and Mani, played 3. We, went 4. She, has 5. He, opened 6. Sohan, leads 7. She, come 8. He, lives 9. Rohan, plays 10. He, works

B. 1. She felt sorry for she was punished. 2. Though she was not very well educated, yet she led a comfortable life. 3. You must leave now or you will be late. 4. She was intelligent, therefore she won the trophy. 5. They are not rich but they are happy. 6. She not only works in a college but also manages her shop. 7. Hardly had they reached home when it began to rain. 8. As he is a good boy, he helps people. 9. She is not only sincere but also punctual. 10. She is my neighbour, so she plays with me.

C. 1. No one came to school as it was a holiday. 2. That is the park where I played. 3. She always carries a torch at night because she is scared of dark. 4. He failed in the competition because he did not study. 5. The dog saw the bread that was on the table. 6. Rekha was happy when she reached Delhi. 7. We expect that they will win the match. 8. There was a boy who wanted to be the king. 9. Although he is very tired, he will come. 10. Since you lied him, he is angry.

21. Active and Passive Voice

A. 1. had caused, Active Voice 2. was gifted, Passive Voice 3. drank, Active Voice 4. opened, Active Voice 5. obeyed, Active Voice 6. was achieved, Passive Voice

B. 1. This book was written by a famous writer. 2. The dogs are fed by Amit. 3. Rajat was invited to the party by Ria. 4. Sacred trees were often prayed by ancient people. 5. Your work must be completed today by you. 6. My hall is being decorated by Kavya.

C. 1. I was allowed to use their table by them. 2. Slogans were shouted by

the labourers. 3. They were told to write a letter of apology by him. 4. The prizes will be given away by the minister. 5. The food is cooked by the servant. 6. By whom will those ministers be disciplined? 7. A new building will be constructed near the road by them. 8. His new car was driven by Shubham.

D. 1. By whom was the final charge taken? 2. Lunch is being had by the workers. 3. Books are issued from this library by the students. 4. Their candidate should be reconsidered by them. 5. A new house is being made by the labourers. 6. The hall was built in 1955 by them. 7. The project was started last year by her. 8. The contracts were prepared last year by the company.

F. 1. You are requested to shut the door. 2. Let the police be informed. 3. Let the doctor be called. 4. Let the fan be switched off. 5. Let not the flowers be plucked. 6. Let the students be punished. 7. Let not the school be bunked.

E. 1. By whom has this been done? 2. What is contained in this pocket? 3. When will the office be shifted by them? 4. Has the painting been completed by you? 5. By whom was this lovely ring presented to you? 6. How is a useful medicine made by this plant? 7. By whom were such tricks as these taught to you? 8. Columbus discovered America.

G. 1. Shruti is painting three paintings. 2. That child broke the blue bulb. 3. My aunt has knitted this cardigan. 4. They praised the performance. 5. Someone has pulled down the old building. 6. I expect summer showers.

22. Direct and Indirect Speech

A. 1. She said that they were late that day. 2. My mother told me that she had been waiting for me since evening. 3. He told his friend that he had lost his shirt the previous day. 4. She told at the concert that they hadn't heard that song before. 5. The teacher told the students that apples are red. 6. Puneet asked where the bike was.

B. 1. Hina inquired of me if I was going to the exhibition. 2. The landlord asked whether he really felt comfortable there. 3. He asked if he would return his bike immediately. 4. The master asked angrily why he had disturbed him. 5. Sneha asked who was that boy. 6. The shopkeeper asked whether I would get him that design.

C. 1. I requested Raj to help me in solving that sum. 2. The parents advised the children not to go out in the dark. 3. Her brother suggested her to work hard. 4. He requested me not to scold him. 5. I asked my friend if he could make a cup of tea for me.

D. 1. He said to Rekha, "Is it permitted?" 2. Ketan said to him, "Will you take part in dance?" 3. She said to children, "Can you draw?" 4. The stranger said, "Is here a bus stop?" 5. He wanted to know, "How is he injured?"

23. Synonyms

1. long 2. sad 3. fruitful 4. insane 5. free 6. size 7. love 8. following 9. true
10. follow 11. reward 12. word 13. control 14. success 15. polite

24. Antonyms

A. 1. opaque 2. compulsory 3. public 4. untidy 5. student 6. genuine 7. captivity 8. exit 9. reveal 10. defense

B. 1. expand 2. admit 3. distract 4. internal 5. timid 6. easy 7. depart 8. static
9. descend 10. reserved

25. Proverbs

1. Eating an apple everyday is good for health. 2. Those who speak much often work less. 3. Corrective measures are always good. 4. A person who has a bad experience once always dreads to initiate. 5. The more one hurries in any work, the less is likely to be his speed in doing the work. 6. One should think and plan before speaking as words once spoken cannot be taken back. 7. It's difficult to teach something new to a grown-up person. 8. Those people who talk a lot and are always teaching others usually do not do much work.

29. Comprehension

1. Tomato Ketchup

1. Only dark red coloured tomatoes are selected for manufacturing tomato ketchup. 2. Hygiene-conscious manufacturers require the fruits to be soaked for about five minutes and this is followed by spraying. 3. If you have tried detaching the flimsy skin of the tomatoes from the flesh, you will appreciate the intricacy of the process involved. 4. Time is a crucial factor from the moment tomatoes are heated to the time they are pulped as peeled tomatoes may lose their bright red colour if exposed to air for too long. 5. In the pulper, seeds, coarse fibres and the remaining fragments of skin are removed speedily, Glass or stainless steel banks are used for storing the tomatoes to ensure that the peeled tomatoes do not come in contact with iron. 6. Manufacturers have their own recipes for producing their own brand of tomato ketchup.

2. A Brave Warrior

1. a. he had given his sister to a Turk and he had eaten with him. b. the huge army of the Mughal emperor.

2. Man Singh went to Udaipur after the conquest of Sholapur. He was given a good reception but the Rana refused to dine with him.

3. The altercation between Rana Partap and Man Singh resulted into the battle of Haldighati

4. (a) dishonoured, (b) whose name will be remembered forever.

5. 'Maharana Partap'

3. Harmful Mosquitoes

1. b 2. d 3. d 4. a 5. b

4. A Trip

1. b 2. a 3. c 4. b 5. c 6. c

Glittering Grammar-8

1. Nouns

A. 2. orphanage 3. mortuary 4. dairy 5. asylum 6. laundry 7. laboratory 8. studio 9. cinema 10. nursery

B. Do yourself

C. 1. improvement 2. advancement 3. entertainment 4. cynicism 5. correction 6. criticism 7. deviation 8. heroism 9. Jainism 10. intuition 11. engagement 12. corruption 13. graduation 14. Hinduism 15. reduction 16. merriment 17. agreement 18. conservation 19. arrangement 20. narration

D. 1. host 2. dray 3. covey 4. pod 5. ascension 6. murder 7. troop 8. parliament 9. catch 10. gam 11. cloud 12. pod 13. brood 14. crowd 15. hives

E. 1. dog, ball 2. The family, movie 3. cousin 4. girl 5. giraffe, neck 6. duck, water 7. kids, ice cream 8. cup, tea 9. video game 10. Mother

F. 1. cotton 2. steel 3. gold 4. polythene 5. wool 6. jute

G. Do yourself

2. Noun Genders

A. 1. Girl 2. Aunt 3. Dog 4. Duchess 5. Prince 6. Hostess 7. Hen 8. Sir 9. Lion 10. Poetess.

B. 1. common 2. common 3. neuter 4. common 5. neuter 6. neuter

C. 1. boy 2. sister 3. his 4. our 5. their 6. brother

D. 1. Masculine 2. Common 3. Feminine 4. Common 5. Masculine 6. Neuter

3. Number : Nouns

A. 1. have 2. is 3. are 4. is 5. belongs 6. were 7. is 8. were 9. is 10. is

B. 1. troubles 2. glass 3. wheat 4. news 5. cattle 6. scenery 7. shoes 8. people 9. sheep 10. alphabet

4. Pronouns

A. 1. he, Anshul 2. It, dog 3. her, Dina 4. he, Jai 5. its, medicine

B. 1. he 2. us 3. them 4. mine 5. me

C. 1. What 2. Which 3. These 4. Which 5. this 6. that

D. 1. Reflexive 2. Emphatic 3. Reflexive 4. Reflexive 5. Reflexive

E. 1. Each 2. Everything 3. nothing 4. Someone 5. each other 6. each other

F. 1. who 2. that 3. anyone 4. anyone 5. all 6. who

5. Adjectives

A. 1. blackish 2. careful 3. terrifying 4. preferable 5. beautiful 6. handy 7. wordless 8. reddish 9. countless 10. woollen.

B. 1. electric, car 2. favourite, Italian, dishes 3. university, bookstore, available, chemistry.

C. 1. long yellow 2. tall thin 3. excellent farming 4. big red 5. young intelligent 6. ten US

6. Comparison of Adjectives

2. Akbar was greater than any other king. 3. The USA is richer than any other country in the world. 4. Lead is heavier than any other metal. 5. The sword is not as mighty as the pen.

7. The Present Tense

A. 2. drives, is driving 3. rains, rains 4. carry, am carrying 5. run, are running 6. is ringing, rings 7. is doing, does 8. smokes, is smoking 9. watch, am not watching 10. are working, work 11. is waiting, is waiting 12. rides 13. am going, go 14. am learning, am learning 15. plays, is playing

B. 1. I've been learning 2. cut 3. been running 4. eaten 5. been cleaning 6. finished 7. has been calling 8. been visiting

8. The Past Tense

A. 1. was leading, had 2. was reading, came 3. called, was watching 4. bit, was eating 5. fell, was hanging 6. were watching, danced 7. tried, was jogging.

B. 1. had adopted 2. had lived 3. had gone 4. had not gone, had not attended 5. had married 6. had got, had remarried, had not got 7. had owned 8. Do yourself 9. Do yourself 10. Do Yourself

C. 1. had finished, checked 2. had been, heard 3. had been eating 4. had eaten, arrived 5. got, had missed 6. had not listened 7. had been drinking 8. had been playing 9. had been jumping 10. had been trying

9. The Future Tense

A. 1. will teach 2. shall give 3. shall, be sailing 4. will, be staying 5. will go 6. will, tell 7. will be 8. will, come 9. will be crossing 10. will go

B. 1. shall have been living 2. will have written 3. will have been writing 4. will, you have finished 5. shall have been marrying 6. shall have been. 7. will she have been 8. will have painted

10. Non-Finite Verbs

A. 1. Give me something to drink. 2. She arrived early to watch us play. 3. He started to read the lesson when teacher arrived. 4. The pages torn when he tried to turn them. 5. He has two kids to look after. 6. She went back home to relax.

B. 1. She is going to college to teach. 2. He is too ill to continue work right now. 3. Did you remember to pay the money? 4. He is very poor to afford the food. 5. I was sorry to hear of his loss. 6. This is her greatest desire to help old people.

C. 1. Having finished, Perfect Participle 2. no Participle 3. weeping, Present Participle 4. no, Participle 5. Having borrowed, Perfect Participle 6. Learned, Participial Adjective 7. chirping, Present Participle

D. 1. Speaking 2. shining 3. Making 4. Forgetting 5. Weeping 6. Talking 7. screaming 8. Shouting

E. 1. collecting 2. Walking 3. Planning 4. Reading 5. Writing 6. Making

F. 1. Hearing, she, Participle 2. watching, Gerund, object 3. dancing, learning, Gerund, object 4. Jumping, cat, Participle 5. being, Gerund, used after preposition 6. visiting, Gerund, used after preposition

11. Modal Auxiliaries

A. 1. Can 2. should 3. Would 4. need to 5. Shall 6. can 7. ought to 8. might 9. can 10. may

B. 1. You may walk through this boundary. 2. Do you think she could still sing. 3. I may gave him permission to come by bike. 4. Perhaps it might not be going to work. 5. Do you think she could be planning a party? 6. I may give him permission to submit the file tomorrow.

C. 1. will 2. will 3. shall 4. will 5. shall 6. will

D. 1. would 2. should 3. Would 4. should 5. Would 6. Should

E. 1. needn't 2. must 3. ought to 4. must 5. ought to 6. must 7. mustn't 8. need to 9. must 10. ought to

12. Adverbs

A. 1. very 2. already 3. daily 4. yesterday 5. today 6. joyfully 7. very 8. How

B. 1. I teach carefully. 2. He pronounces the English language well. 3. Rajat studies brilliantly. 4. Sheena does not learn fast. 5. She takes revenge quickly. 6. Work very hard. 7. She rises early. 8. Mrs. Bansal approaches the subject far less artistically.

C. 1. well 2. hard 3. later 4. faster 5. cheerfully 6. better 7. best 8. slowly 9. worst 10. neatly.

D. 1. Is Ramesh already there? 2. Kanika is still very intelligent. 3. She wrote a letter carefully. 4. Nothing ever appears by chance. 5. She has just started a school. 6. She kept her view quite cleverly. 7. They often have been told that.

13. Prepositions

A. 1. for 2. in 3. due to 4. off 5. about 6. in

B. 1. in 2. On 3. after 4. at 5. in 6. before

C. 1. into 2. over 3. across 4. through 5. a round 6. to 7. towards 8. across

14. Determiners

- A.** 1. my 2. Which 3. my, my 4. your 5. a 6. A 7. the 8. a 9. an 10. my
- B.** 1. Whose, Interrogative 2. How much, Interrogative 3. This, Demonstrative 4. any, Quantifier 5. five, Determiner of Number 6. Most, Quantifier 7. his, Possessive 8. first, Determiner of Number, his, Possessive
- C.** 1. The French are artistic. 2. I do not put any water. 3. I waited several hours for them. 4. Which book are they reading? 5. Put the book in your bag. 6. This bag is heavier than that. 7. These mangoes are sweet. 8. Can you lend me some sugar?

15. Articles

- A.** 1. He has a metal ring. 2. He wants to become an engineer. 3. What a shot! 4. A goat and a monkey were friends. 5. Only a few people attended the meeting. 6. Shiraz is a manager.
- B.** 1. a 2. an 3. the 4. the 5. an 6. an 7. the
- C.** 1. an 2. The 3. × 4. × 5. the 6. the 7. × 8. × 9. An 10. a 11. The 12. × 13. an 14. The 15. a, a

16. Conjunctions

- A.** 1. He was ill, so he went to the doctor. 2. She is not intelligent, yet she writes well. 3. He is a doctor but he likes music. 4. I will come with you but you have to promise me. 5. The restaurant was expensive but the food was not good. 6. Our trip was cancelled, so we watched the movie. 7. I was angry but I did not reveal my feelings. 8. She likes tea and coffee. 9. I was exhausted, so I had to go for a long drive. 10. Jai helps in my work, for Jai cares for me.
- B.** 1. She finished her work first though she started late. 2. He is as quiet as me. 3. My brother is faster than you. 4. The girl sang while the children danced. 5. She is leaving, so that we are giving her farewell. 6. Karan is as clever as his brother. 7. You will not get anything unless you reach early.
- C.** 1. So, that 2. not only, but also 3. not only, but also 4. so, that 5. as well as 6. Both, and 7. as if 8. not only, but also

17. Active and Passive Voice

- A.** 1. The extra department has been decided to be closed by the office authorities. 2. Curd is made from cow's milk by us. 3. These rooms were decorated by those talented children. 4. Neena was scolded for her rude behaviour by her mother. 5. This work was done expertly by her. 6. He is looked after by me.
- B.** 1. Was the thief caught by them? 2. Will the new bridge be inaugurated by the king? 3. Are the cars made by them in Korea? 4. Why has the film been banned by the government? 5. When was the plane hijacked by them? 6. Was the child killed by the bull? 7. Has the body been found by the police? 8.

Is our complaint being looked into by you?

C. 1. The quality of your work delighted us. 2. Are the children making a noise? 3. The storm damaged the building. 4. The director eagerly listened to the narrative. 5. Who has committed this crime? 6. She teaches us French.

D. 1. Let the television be turned off. 2. Let the work be completed. 3. Let I be given a glass of water. 4. Let it be brought home. 5. Let not the dog be beaten. 6. Let we be gone for a walk. 7. Let your lesson be learned.

18. Direct and Indirect Speech

A. 1. Prem said that he was hungry. 2. The boys said that they had played hockey. 3. Sanchi asked her friend if he remembered the lady they were talking about. 4. Grandfather said that he was tired. 5. Jaya requested Deepa to lend her watch to her for some time. 6. The teacher instructed his students to locate the fertile regions on the map of India.

B. 1. The participant enquired when the show would begin. 2. Gagan asked who would be the next coach of their team. 3. I asked Jatin if he was sure they would leave next week. 4. I asked him if he would come for dinner. 5. My aunt asked if I would like a cup of coffee. 6. Dina asked me dearly what she would do for my relatives.

C. 1. denied 2. suggested 3. assured 4. complained 5. wished 6. ordered

D. 1. Leena said, "How intelligent I am!" 2. She said, "I am glad to be here for the party." 3. Karan said to Kapil, "Wait for me here." 4. She said to me, "Please pass the rice." 5. They said to me, "Do you feel sorry for him?" 6. Naman said, "I prefer juice to coffee." 7. He said, "The Earth moves round the Sun."

19. The Sentence

A. 1. How tense the young girl looks! 2. I will reach late. 3. How hot the day is! 4. Am I not right? 5. He does not sell vegetables. 6. Did the train get late? 7. Is she not an artist? 8. It is an unsatisfactory reply. 9. You should not break rules. 10. How sweet the song is!

B. 1. He bought an expensive car last year that he sold. 2. He wanted the money and he got it. 3. I can prove it that he is a liar. 4. The girl was too weak to walk. 5. He carelessly lost his documents. 6. He bought a house which belonged to his uncle. 7. He is honest therefore he is respected by all. 8. Reena is a girl who is an excellent cook. 9. She is sure about her success. 10. He borrowed a pen yesterday but he had lost it.

C. 1. Complex 2. Complex 3. Simple 4. Compound 5. Compound 6. Complex 7. Compound 8. Complex 9. Complex 10. Complex

D. 1. is 2. is 3. come, take 4. had 5. is 6. accepted 7. is 8. hope 9. spotted 10. is.

20. Phrases and Clauses

A. 1. made of silk 2. from a village 3. in great problem 4. in time 5. in need 6. with a bad temper 7. of one of the criminal groups 8. of great courage

B. 1. into the playground 2. on his face 3. on the road at night 4. at any price 5. to my great profit 6. for a while, on the bench, in the park 7. at home 8. in a beautiful style 9. In her car, 10. at the top of his voice

C. 1. going to the park 2. to win the game 3. Buying a building in this city 4. with waiting for an increment 5. to buy a house 6. exercising in the morning 7. Working for the needy 8. To smoke

D. 1. If I like the sculpture (SC) I shall buy it (MC) 2. Jatin likes painting (MC) but I prefer crafting (CC) 3. The life of a butterfly is brief (MC) but it is very active (CC) 4. As you are sick (SC) you should not go to play (MC) 5. I am fond of mangoes (MC) but I do not like fruits (CC) 6. He left yesterday (MC) and he has not called since (CC) 7. The article was written by someone (MC) who has a thorough knowledge of the topic (SC) 8. The lady knitted her sweater (MC) while she waited for her son (SC) 9. He took juice (MC) that he might get well soon (SC) 10. She will come (MC) after she gets the permission (SC)

E. 1. that is blue, car 2. that we lived in, building 3. that you gave me, reason 4. who is in the cabin, man 5. who laughs last, He 6. we kept before them, demand 7. that flow down from the Himalayas, rivers 8. that my uncle gave me, chair 9. that bites, dog 10. where I studied, school

F. 1. as if he was tired, Adverb clause of Manner 2. If I had a million rupees, Adverb clause of Condition 3. in case you feel sick, Adverb clause of Condition 4. as Lata Mangeshkar does, Adverb clause of Manner 5. unless you have a ticket, Adverb clause of Condition 6. wherever you want, Adverb clause of Place 7. though she began late, Adverb clause of Contrast 8. because it is dark outside, Adverb clause of Reason

G. 1. why you are angry, object 2. what the soldier did, subject 3. if she will come today, object 4. why he is happy, object 5. that they will perform well, object 6. his grandfather is not well, object 7. that he may be allowed to quit, object 8. That she will come, subject

21. Transformation of Sentences

A. 1. Honesty is better than any other policy. 2. Earlier she was not feeling as good as now. 3. He is one of my best friends. 4. His friend is more handsome than him. 5. This question is easy as any other question. 6. This movie is more popular than most other movies. 7. I have not seen any girl as beautiful as she is. 8. Her brother is cleverer than her. 9. He is the richest man. 10. He is better than all other actors.

B. 1. The girl is not short. 2. Only the coward would say so. 3. The king was not a foolish man. 4. She did not succeed to keep her promise. 5. The woman

said everything. 6. India is not a dirty country. 7. No sooner had the principal arrived, the function began. 8. China is the most populated country.

C. 1. There is no place like home. 2. Isn't she eligible for the job? 3. Doesn't anyone like to be praised? 4. Would anyone like to visit such a place? 5. Everyone likes to be rich. 6. Everyone loves his parents. 7. Who can please easily? 8. Who can repay your help and kindness? 9. Don't waste time. 10. The Earth is round.

D. 1. Everyone likes freedom. 2. Oh! You lost your purse. 3. How rich he is! 4. We are very tired. 5. It is a very silly question. 6. It is very sad that this poor beggar is dead. 7. The dance was so wonderful. 8. How cunning she is! 9. Who doesn't like to be appreciated? 10. Man is not immortal. 11. I wish that I could see my mother once. 12. We are very hungry.

22. Synthesis of Sentences

A. 1. Hurting her leg, she stopped running. 2. Feeling tired, he laid his work aside. 3. Gold is a very expensive, golden, bright and beautiful metal. 4. We saw a very fine piece of sculpture. 5. Having a good record, she is impossible to be doubted. 6. He is too fat to run. 7. Getting tired of play, she sat down to rest. 8. To educate her son, she sent him to England. 9. Here goes my friend Rahul. 10. Jawaharlal Nehru, the first Prime Minister of India, died in 1964.

B. 1. The place was dark and dirty. 2. The players as well as the coaches were tired. 3. Not only the journey was long but also the wind was cold. 4. Getting up, I looked about everywhere but could not find my bag. 5. You as well as sumit may go to the party. 6. He was punished for he was stubborn. 7. Seeing an old woman in the street, we stopped to help her and gave her some money. 8. Gita cannot study for she is poor. 9. It is very dark, so I cannot see. 10. I am in the right but you are in the wrong. 11. I was angry but I kept quiet. 12. He is a cheater as well as a thief.

C. 1. Always remember that you are the head boy of the school. 2. He told me that he paid the money to a guard. 3. The robber who robbed banks, was caught. 4. I went to the park because I needed some refreshment. 5. The boy who fell on the road, hurt his hand that began to bleed. 6. It is a mystery that I cannot solve. 7. Although he was a noted poet, he gave up writing. 8. The girl who has just joined the school lives in Kanpur.

23. Punctuation

A. 1. Hurrah! They have won the match. 2. O dear! You are injured badly. I think we need to call Dr. Sharma. 3. What a relief! 4. I read "Alice in Wonderland" last week. 5. "Why did you purchase so many vegetables?" I asked him. 6. Well, this is indeed a pleasant surprise. 7. She said, "I am not feeling well." 8. Can I visit him tomorrow? 9. Men and women, young and old, enjoyed the show. 10. We bought pens, pencils, papers and crayons.

B. 1. There is an interesting information in this book about the habits of animals. 2. She was born in India, but grew up in America. 3. Yes, you will be in-change of the team. 4. I need an intelligent person for my research. 5. The people left for Mumbai on 14 March, 2008. 6. Large crowds gathered outside Buckingham Palace, hoping to catch a glimpse of Queen Elizabeth. 7. He is a good person. 8. Rahul, sit down. 9. She is going to the market. 10. I have costly jackets, coats, mufflers and trousers.

24. Idioms

Do yourself

25. Synonyms and Antonyms

A. 1. h 2. f 3. e 4. c 5. d 6. b 7. g 8. a

B. 1. c 2. b 3. h 4. f 5. g 6. e 7. d 8. a

26. Homophones

A. 1. piece 2. heir 3. weak 4. lesson 5. deer 6. steal 7. I 8. four 9. right 10. principle

B. 1. male 2. by 3. eight 4. know 5. aunt 6. weight 7. I 8. principle 9. hour 10. whole

29. Comprehension

1. Your Amazing Brain

1. c 2. d 3. c 4. d 5. a.

2. From Nomad to Farmer

1. 'Ice bridge' theory is reasonable because the Earth was experiencing an Ice Age thousands of years ago. 2. Benefits of living life as a nomad was gathering plants growing in the wild. 3. Other uses may be watering the crops, bathing, etc. 4. Because they had to adapt to the climate and resources of that area. 5. The Great Plains would be most suitable because of agriculture, availability of water and transport.

3. Extreme Weather

A. 1. condensation 2. moisture 3. Lightning 4. tornado 5. hurricane

B. 1. Severe storms happen in low-pressure weather systems. 2. Lightning has enough energy to heat the air all around it. This sudden burst of heat is what causes the noise we know as thunder. 3. A tornado is a spinning mass of air over land that can destroy virtually everything in its path, while a hurricane is the most powerful storm known on the Earth. Forming over warm ocean waters off the coast of the tropics, they can become gigantic swirling mixtures of air and water. 4. People can become lost in the snow and freeze to death. 5. Blizzard would be the most difficult weather to face because homes can be covered over with snow, trapping people indoors and freeze to death.